

## Contents

### Introduction

#### Overview

Special Icons in this Help File  
Picture

### Working with Files

Supported File Formats

#### Open / Create a File

Edit

Convert

Save

### Menus and Buttons (Main Form)

#### All...

File

Global

Color Depth

Special Effects

### More Help

#### FAQ

How Do I..?

### Additional Information

How to Register

Contact

MyCat Software

## Overview

### What BMPTOICO does

- . Creates...
  - . Edits...
  - . Converts...
- ...Icons, Cursors, and Small Bitmaps

BMPTOICO being a 16-bit Application, it allows users who are still running Windows 3.1 or Windows NT 3.5 to access the rich world of Multi-Format Icons. But since I have a 32-bit Operating System, I added many features that are only available for that OS. I tried to make this Help File as clear a possible regarding what can be done with which OS (see: [Special Icons used in this Help File](#)).



[Picture](#) with PopUp Help.

### Quick Start

- 1 Find a Directory with .ICO and/or .BMP Files
- 2 Double-Click on a File Name to Open the Image
- 3 If you want to change something, do it.
- 4 Click the Convert or Save Button

### Help

Help in BMPTOICO is Context-Sensitive: if you Press **F1** in any module that has an Help Menu or an Help Button (or Click that Menu or Button), this Help File will open at the appropriate Topic.

### Minimum System Requirements

- . 386 PC (it will work, but very slowly...)
- . 8 megs of RAM (more if possible)
- . Windows 3.1 or more
- . Any Video Card (except Monochrome)
- . Around 1 Meg of Drive space

### But...

Many BMPTOICO features are only available for 32-bit systems.

### What's New in Version 4.0

- . Cursors are supported (with Test and Hot Spot setting)
- . Web and Meta Files can be Opened
- . Create and Edit a New Image
- . See all Icon Formats at once, Add/Delete them
- . Increase/Decrease an Image's Color Depth
- . Resize an Image
- . More and Better Editing Tools
- . A Bitmap Buttonizer, and other Special Effects
- . Many cosmetic changes

### History

#### **BMPTOICO**

Ver. 1.0 (July 1995): A small two-ways Converter, but already has View All and Crop Modules.

Ver. 2.0 (June 1996): A simple Editor is added; View All is improved.

Ver. 3.0 (April 1998): Multi-Format Icons support, much improved Editor, Crop, View All.

Ver. 3.1 (Dec. 1998): Long Filenames, Move Tools, etc.

#### **ICOEDIT**

Ver. 1.0 (April 1997): When my ambitions for BMPTOICO's Editor got too big to handle, I decided to release an Icon Editor as a separate Application.

Ver. 1.5 (December 1999): Long Filenames and better understanding of High and True Color Video Modes.



Now that most people have bigger and faster systems, or at least more memory, ICOEDIT is put to rest, and BMPTOICO takes over as a complete Editor, while maintaining its Converter Functions.







## Special Icons in this Help File

BMPTOICO can be used on most Windows systems, but some features are available only to specific systems; in addition, some functions are available only for Images of specific Color Depths. In this Help file, small Icons identify Help for specific situations:





### Windows Version:

 16-bit: Win 3.x, NT 3.5  
 32-bit: Win 9x, NT 4.00, 2000

### System Video Mode:

 16 Colors (4-bit)  
 256 Colors (8-bit)  
 High Color (16-bit)  
 True Color (24-, 32-bit)

### Image Color Depth:

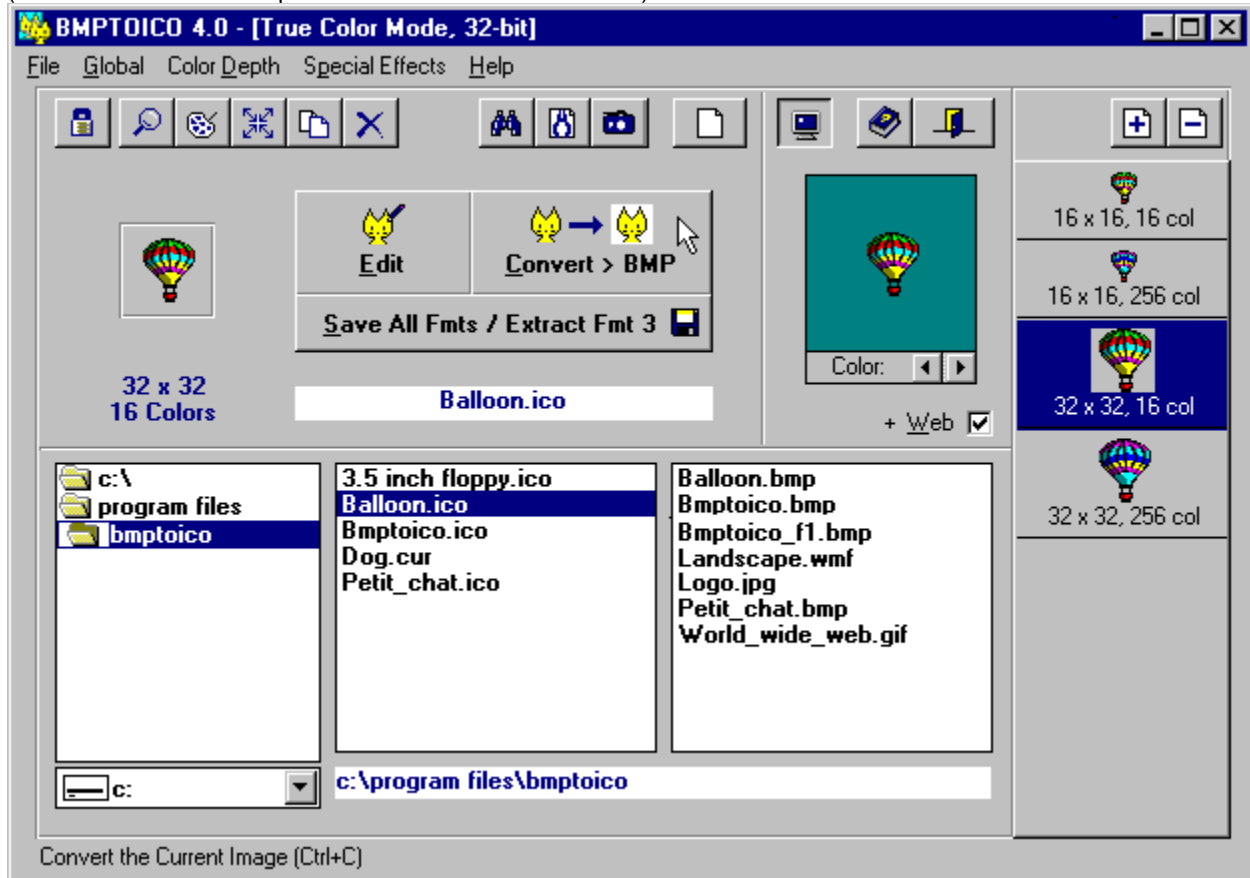
 2 Colors (Monochrome)  
 16 Colors  
 256 Colors  
 True Colors (24-bit)

and... **VGA 16** means "Windows' Standard Palette of 16 Colors" ([see it](#))

### Aren't "Video Mode" and "Color Depth" the Same Thing?

## Main Form

(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)



## Supported File Formats

BMPTOICO is a Paint Program for Small Images. It supports the following Formats:

Icons and Cursors

Bitmaps (and Metafiles)

    Crop BMPs

## Formats: Icons and Cursors

Back to: [Supported File Formats](#)

### Icons (.ICO files)

Little Images that identify a File on the Desktop, the Explorer or File Manager, etc. They look better with a Transparent Background. They can have more than one [Format](#) in the same File.

### Cursors (.CUR files)

Replacements for the Windows Mouse Pointer. They are special Icons that need to measure 32x32 pixels, should have a Transparent Background, and one pixel called the "Hot Spot" used by Windows to know where you are pointing.

### Notes

- . In this Help file, the term "Icon" also refers to Cursors, unless it says otherwise...
- . Animated and OS/2 Icons and Cursors are not supported

### Dimensions supported

**Icons:** Any, from 8 x 8 to 72 x 72 pixels, even Rectangular ones (but Windows' Explorer will always show them square, and with fixed sizes limited to 16, 32, 48 and 64).

**Cursors:** can only measure 32 x 32 pixels

### Color Depths supported

**All**, from Monochrome to True Colors. BMPTOICO will open them **only if** the Icon's Color Depth is the same, or less, than the System Video Mode.

**16- and 32-bit Icons** are quite rare, and perhaps should not be mingled with... BMPTOICO can View them, but not Open them.

### Transparency

True Icons and Cursors can have [Transparency](#).

Icons that are really Bitmaps saved with the .ICO extension are treated as pure Bitmaps by BMPTOICO, and cannot have any Transparency, but 32-bit Windows can create [Fake Transparency](#) for them.

### See also:

[What is "Transparency" in Icons?](#)

[What are Multi-Format Icons?](#)

[Can I use a Bitmap as an Icon?](#)

[Any Image Palette Restrictions?](#) and [Windows?](#)

[Why can I "View" an Image, but not Open it?](#)

[Aren't "Video Mode" and "Color Depth" the same thing?](#)

## Formats: Bitmaps (and Metafiles)

Back to: [Supported File Formats](#)

### Bitmaps (.BMP, .GIF, .JPG/.JPE files)

Images created from individual screen pixel information. There are many common bitmap formats, but BMPTOICO can only deal with Windows BMPs and [Web files](#).

**Note:** OS/2 Bitmaps are not supported.

### Metafiles (.WMF files)

Special files that can contain Vector (formulae) data, Bitmaps and Text; BMPTOICO only supports the Windows Metafile Format, and can only Open the first Image in them. .EMF Files, specific to 32-bit Windows, are not supported.

### Can I Open Web Files in BMPTOICO?

### Other Graphic Files?

### Dimensions supported

Any, from 8 x 8 to 72 x 72 pixels, even Rectangular ones.

### Too big?


Images that are bigger than 72 x 72 pixels are automatically opened into BMPTOICO's [CROP Module](#).

### Color Depths supported

#### Bitmaps



All, from Monochrome to 32-bit True Colors.



16-bit and 32-bit BMPs can be Opened, but will be treated as 24-bit Bitmaps internally. If you Save them under the same name, they will be Saved as 24-bit, so be careful.

 You can Open Bitmaps that have a Resolution higher than 256 Colors via the [Special Loading module](#), but they will be treated as 256-Colors Bitmaps in memory, and will be Saved as such.

#### Metafiles

Because of how Windows works, some restrictions apply, depending on your Video Mode:

  Can be Opened only if a true Bitmap is found in the Meta file, and it has 2 or 16 Colors; otherwise, Windows would dither the colors.

  Any .WMF File can be Opened if it contains at least one Image, whether it is a True Bitmap or not.

BMPTOICO will only Open the first Image found, and does not take any other information (vector, text) into account. Once Opened, they are treated as BMPs internally, and will be Saved as such.


#### GIFs


They can only have 16 or 256 Colors, and need to be Opened via the [Special Loading Module](#). If the GIF is Animated, you can select the Image you want. Once Opened, they are treated as BMPs internally, and will be Saved as such.

#### JPEGs

They can only be True Colors (24-bit), and need to be Opened via the [Special Loading Module](#). Once Opened, they are treated as BMPs internally, and will be Saved as such.

Only JPEGs that were Saved with the "Baseline" process can be Opened (a limitation of the DLL).

 Cannot be Opened

 Can be Opened, but they will be treated as 256-Colors Bitmaps in memory, and will be Saved as such.

### Transparency

Bitmaps never have Transparency.



**See also:**

[Any Image Palette Restrictions? and Windows?](#)


[Why can I "View" an Image, but not Open it?](#)

[Aren't "Video Mode" and "Color Depth" the same thing?](#)

## Crop BMPs

Back to: [Bitmap Formats](#)

If the Bitmap you wish to Open into BMPTOICO is larger than 72 x 72 pixels, or if you [Grab from Screen](#), the Crop Form will automatically open.

 [Picture](#) with PopUp Help.

### Open as a Thumbnail...

If all you want is a tiny version of the complete Bitmap, Click the **Open Thumb.** Button, and the Thumbnail will be sent immediately to BMPTOICO's Main Form. No Cropping needed!

### Or... Crop a Smaller Image

The Bitmap is displayed in the View Window. If it doesn't fit, use the Scrolls to Change the View or, even faster, Click the Thumbnail Image.

#### 1 Select the Crop Size

In the Combo Box at upper right. The List is restricted to Sizes that are smaller than the Image, up to 72 x 72.pixels.

#### 2 Crop with the Cursor

Its Size and Position are Displayed above the View Window, and its content will show in the Crop Icon at the right (updated when you Move or Resize the Cursor).

#### Move the Cursor

Click the Arrow Buttons, or Press [Arrows] (Auto repeat). Use the "Step" Scroll to Change the Moving rate. You can also Drag and Drop the Cursor inside the View Window.

#### Resize the Cursor

Click the Arrow Buttons in the bottom Frame, or Press [Page Up/Down] (Auto repeat) to Enlarge or Reduce the Cursor. It can be as small as 4 x 4 pixels, but never bigger than the View Window. Click the "[Resize] Step" Scroll in this frame to change the Resizing rate.

**MORE HELP:** [Resize the Cursor](#), with pictures

#### Change the Cursor's border

Its Border is normally Inverse-Color, but if you prefer a Black one, Right-Click the Cursor, or Check the "Black border" Box.

### 3 View Buttons / Menu

#### Full

Shows the complete Image. Disabled if the whole image fits into the View Window.

#### Zoom

See a Blowup of the Cropped Icon. Same as the Zoom Button above the View Window.

### 4 OK, Done

Click the **Done** Button to send your Cropped Image to BMPTOICO's Main Form, ready to be Edited, Saved or Converted into an Icon. Or **Cancel** the Crop module.

# Crop Form

Back to: [Bitmap Formats](#)

(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)



## Crop: Resize the Cursor

Back to: [Bitmap Formats](#)

By Default, the Cursor is the same Size as the Crop Size: the bottom frame's Caption is labeled "Cursor = Crop", and Selecting a new Crop Size will automatically reset it. But you can Enlarge it to Shrink the Cursor View to fit a smaller Crop Size, or Reduce it to Blow the Cursor View to fit a bigger Crop Size. While in SHRINK or BLOW View, Selecting a new Crop Size will not reset the Cursor.

The Current Cursor Size is always visible above the View Window. To quickly Reset it to the Crop Size, Click the "=" Button.

### How to SHRINK...

Click the Right Arrow Button, or Press [Page Up], to set a **Cursor Size Higher than the Crop Size**. This will Enlarge the Cursor, and the Image Region under it will be Shrunk to the Crop Size:



### How to BLOW...


Click the Left Arrow Button, or Press [Page Down], to set a **Cursor Size Lower than the Crop Size**. This will Reduce the Cursor, and the Image Region under it will be Blown to the Crop Size:



## Special Loading Module

Back to: [Bitmap Formats](#)

### This module is used...

- . Any time you want to Open a **Web File**.
- .  If you Open **BMP** Files that are High or True Colors


This Module needs the VBJPEG.DLL and FILE.DLL Files provided with BMPTOICO.

### How it works

- 1 Open the file in BMPTOICO: if the Special Loading Module is needed, it will Open automatically and will Load the Image (or give an Error message) and display its File Name, dimensions and number of colors.

If the Image is a GIF, it will tell you the Type (87a or 89a) and if it has a Transparent Color (it will show it) or not; this is for information only, as once opened it will be a Bitmap, and all colors will be part of the Foreground. If the GIF is Animated, Use the "ANIMATION" Scroll to Select the Frame you want.

- 2 Click the **Open** Button to send the Image to BMPTOICO. If it is larger than 72x72 pixels, it will be sent automatically to the [Crop module](#). Or Click the **Cancel** Button.

 Windows will reset its System Palette to the Image (this is why this module needs to be Full Screen...). BMPTOICO will use that Palette. The Image will be treated as a 256 Colors Bitmap in memory, and will be Saved as such. Most Bitmaps don't suffer too much from the reduction, and you might want to use them.

### Credits

This Module is adapted from Joe C. Oliphant's "Graphic Viewer 2.0", a freeware Visual Basic code example, from which I took the VBJPEG.DLL and FILE.DLL files used in BMPTOICO. The VBJPEG.DLL code is based in part on the work of the Independent JPEG Group.

## Open / Create a File

### Open an Existing File...

- . Navigate... Double-Click a Filename in the File lists
- . PopUp menu (Right-Click on a File Name)
  - Select **Open** (if Enabled)
  - Select **View**, then Click its "Open Now" Button (if Enabled)
- . View All
- . Icon Extractor
- . File Association

or...

### Create a New One


- . New Image Wizard

## File Lists: Navigation

Back to: [Open/Create a File](#)

The Two File Lists show All Files in the Current Open Path:

List	File Type	Extensions.
Left	Icons	.ICO, .CUR
Right	Bitmaps	.BMP, WMF (+ <a href="#">Web Files</a> )

 Long filenames are used. To Change the Width of the Folder or File Lists: move the mouse pointer over the Dividers between the Lists, Click a Mouse Button and Drag it.

### 1 Select Drive and Folder

Use the Drive and Folder Lists at left to change Folders (Directories).

- . The Current **Open Path** is always displayed below the file lists.
- . The Current **Save Path** is the same as the Open Path if the Drive is not Read-Only.

#### If the Drive is Read-Only...

If you cannot Save to the current Folder (for ex. on a CD-ROM), BMPTOICO will ask you to select another Save Folder when you first select the Drive; the name of that Folder will be shown at the bottom Under the Current Open Folder path name, and you can change it later by Clicking the **Change** Button located at the right of the Save Path Name (the button is only Visible if the Save Path Name is displayed).

#### Image/Folder Synchronization

By Default (when you Open/Create/Save/Convert an Image), Selecting a New Folder will Unload any Opened Image; if it has been Modified, you will first be asked if you wish to Save it. You can Un-Synchronize Image and Current Folder by Setting the **Lock** Button down, or Un-Checking the "Synchronize w/Folder" item in the File Menu (see: [Synchronize File Function](#)).

### 2 Select a File

The Filename will be highlighted. Click the Mouse Right Button to see the [PopUp Menu](#), or Double-Click with the Left Button to Open it.

### 3 Open a File

Double-click on the Filename, or press [Enter], or Select "Open" in the [PopUp Menu](#). You will get an error message if the File cannot be Opened (it can be Bad, or its Color Depth is beyond your Current Video Mode).

## File Lists: PopUp Menu

Back to: [Open/Create a File](#)

Right-Click on a Filename to see this menu (the Filename needs to be highlighted). All the functions apply to the **File on Disk**, NOT to the Image in memory.

### Info

Information on the Disk File: Dimensions in pixels, Color Depth, Date, Length. For [Multi-Format Icons](#), Dimensions and Color Depth of each Format. Also: If the file Cannot be Opened (Invalid picture, your video mode is not up to it, etc.), or if it is Read-Only.

### View

Shows the File Image in Actual Size. Click the **Open Now** Button to Open it in BMPTOICO. Can also show some type of Images that cannot be Opened, but is always Disabled for Web files (they cannot be Viewed at all). See also: [Why can I "View" an Image, but not Open it?](#)

### Open

Will Open the file into BMPTOICO or give you an Error message (same as Double-Clicking on the Filename, or Clicking the Open Now Button in "View" above). Disabled if the Image cannot be Opened.

### Show to Compare

Visible only if the Highlighted File is a BMP or WMF, and your Video Mode is High Colors or more. Same as View above, but Displays the Bitmap in a special Form that will stay on your Desktop for as long as you need it.

Picture and more help:

[How Do I... Compare the Image I am Editing with Other Images?](#)

### Delete

[Not Visible if the Disk is Read-Only.] Will Delete the Highlighted File; you will be first asked to Confirm it. If the File is currently Opened, it will be Unloaded from BMPTOICO.

### Rename

[Not Visible if the Disk is Read-Only.] Will ask you for a New Name for the Highlighted File. If the File is currently Opened, the Display Filename will be updated.


### Copy (same folder)

[Not Visible if the Disk is Read-Only.] Will ask you for a New Name, which must be a different one.

### Change Ext.

This item is Visible only in the Right File List. Its Caption changes according to situation:

#### Change Ext. (BMP>ICO)

 only. Quickly set a Bitmap as an .ICO File (see [FAQ](#))

#### Change Ext. (JPE>JPG)

Quickly change the Mac extension .JPE to .JPG, preferred by PC applications, if you are working with [Web files](#).

### Move, Copy > other folder

Will ask you for the name of the Folder where you want to Move or Copy the file. When you click OK in the Ask module, you are asked if you want to move to the New Folder, or not.





## New Image Wizard

Back to: [Open/Create a File](#)

### 1 Open the Wizard

Click the **New** button, or Click File ► New, or Press [CTRL+N]. If an Image is already Opened and it has been modified, you are first asked if you want to Save it.

### 2 Select the Image Type

- 1 - Icon
- 2 - Cursor
- 3 - Bitmap
- 4 - Button (Bitmap)

Click on the Image representing your Choice, or Press the corresponding number: the Wizard will display the next page (you can always change your mind by Clicking the **Back** button).

### 3 Select the Color Depth

Choices: **2, 16, 256, True** (Colors; Default is 16).



No 256 or True Colors Choices, since you **can't Edit** Images with those Color Depths.

### 4 Select the Size

Choices: **16 x 16, 32 x 32, 48 x 48, 64 x 64, 72 x 72** (Pixels; Default is 32 x 32).

#### Bitmaps (and Buttons): Custom...

...**Square**: one Scroll controls both Width and Height

...**Rectangle**: two Scrolls, labeled W[idth] and H[eight], that work independently from each other

Use the Scroll(s) to set the Image Size to any Size between 16 x 16 and 72 x 72.

#### Cursors

Since they must measure 32 x 32 Pixels, this Option is not available.

### 5 OK, Done...

When you Click the **OK** button, the Editor will open automatically. If you Create a New Button, the Buttonizer will open first, then the Editor (you can still Cancel the New Image by Clicking the Cancel Button in the Buttonizer or the Editor).

You can also Click the **Cancel** Button to Cancel the Wizard.


## Editor

### Open it...

Click the **Edit** button, or Click File  Edit, or Press [CTRL+E] or [ALT+E].

This Button is Disabled if the Opened Image **cannot be Edited**.

### Help Topics

 **Picture** with PopUp Help.

#### General Notes

#### Buttons

##### **Colors**

Palettes

Mix

Color Options

Show Use

Edit Colors

##### **Tools**

Move

Paint

Text

Magnifier

##### **Menus**

Image

Tools

Edit

Undoes

Options

### How to Edit

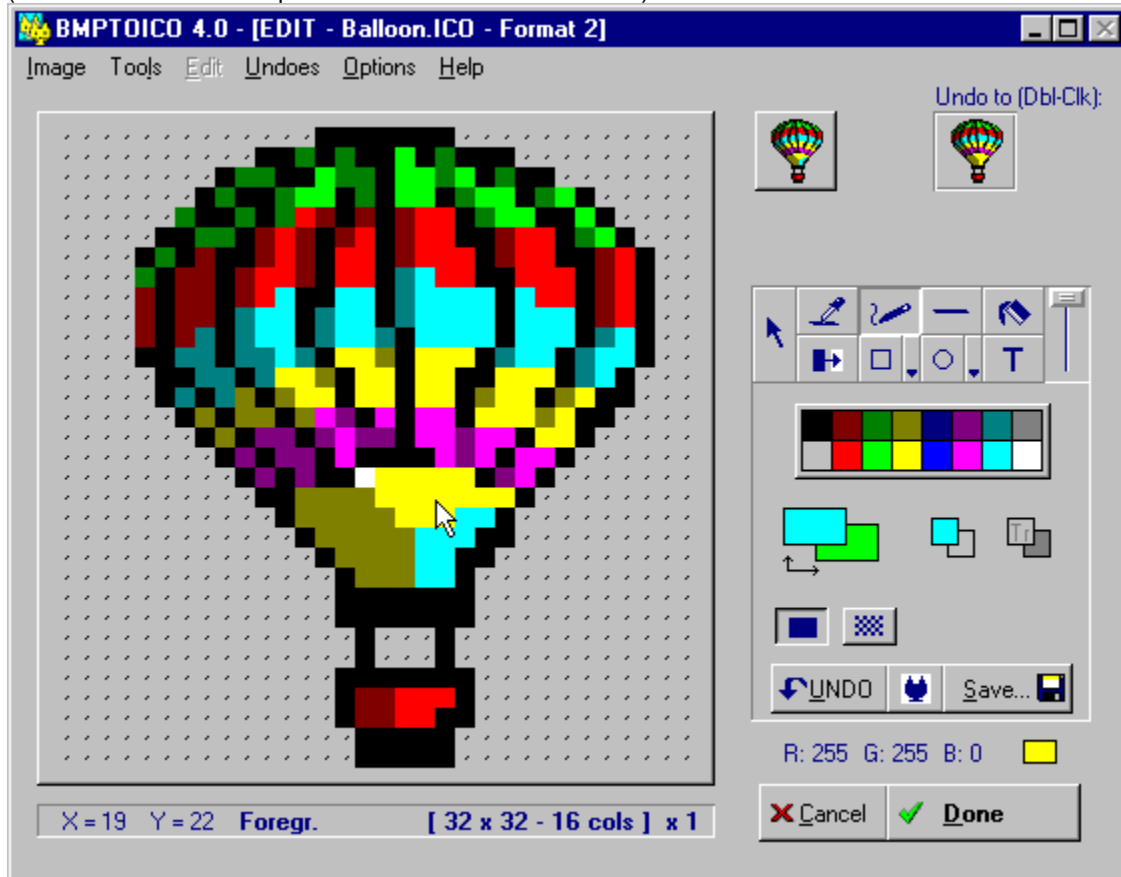
- 1 Select a Tool
- 2 Select Colors from the Palette(s)
- 3 Select a Color Option (Icons only)
- 4 Use the Tool

# Edit Picture

Back to: [Editor\\_Main\\_Topic](#)

This example is for a 16-colors Icon, using the Draw Tool. 256- and True Colors Images have a second, 240-Colors Palette at the right of this Form.

(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)



## **256** General Notes

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

### **Auto...**

The Editor opens automatically when you Create a New Image or Add a Format to an Icon File. If you Change an Image's Color Depth, you are asked if you want to Edit it (or not).

**See also**

### **Undo...**

- Click the **UNDO/REDO** Button to reverse the last operation, or Click Undoes **256** Undo[Redo] Last
- Double-Click the "Undo to:" Image at upper right to return to the state of the Image before the last Tool change.
- Click Undoes **256** Reload Original Image if you messed up.

**MORE:** [Undoes Menu](#)

### **Limitations**

Because of Windows' [Palette Restrictions](#), Images with 256 or True Colors can only be Edited if your Video Mode is set to High (16-bit) or True Color. In 256 Colors Video Mode, Windows insists on Dithering the Colors for the Paint Functions.

### **Cursor Position**

While the Mouse Pointer is in Editing Area, BMPTOICO always tells you its position (below the Area, lower left); it also tells you if a pixel is part of the Foreground or is Transparent (or Inverse Screen).

### **Global Functions are only Available in the Main Form...**

Exit to BMPTOICO's main form if you want to Change an Image's Size, Color Depth or Aspect (Special Effects). If the Image is an Icon or a Cursor, you can also Add Formats to the File, or Delete Formats from it.

**See also**

### **Some Warning messages when you Open the Editor...**

#### **NO BLACK**

If you Edit an Icon with a Palette (256 Colors or less), and this Palette does not contain Pure Black, you will be asked to add it to the Palette. If you answer...

**Yes:** Black will be added, and all pixels of the Color that is closest to it will be changed to Pure Black.

**No:** The Editor will consider your image as a Bitmap. It will not offer the Transparency-related functions and Colors, because Transparency needs Pure Black.

#### **16-BIT DISPLAY**

see [Why does 16-bit Video Mode not Display Colors correctly?](#)

## **Buttons**


Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

These Buttons are located at the bottom right of the Editor. Except for Undo, all Buttons have equivalent items in the Image Menu.

More Editor Buttons: see [Move Functions](#), [Paint Tools](#)



### **UNDO / REDO** [CTRL+Z]

Same as Clicking Undoes  Undo/Redo Last. Enabled each time you use a Paint Tool (it will work both ways until you perform another operation), Disabled if no reversing can be done. If you are using the Move Tool, only one UNDO Click is permitted, and no REDO.



### **Check Transparency**

Displays the Icon's Mask in the Editing Area, showing which pixels will be Transparent. Disabled if you are Editing a Bitmap.



### **Test the Cursor**

Visible only if you are Editing a Cursor. Opens the [Cursor Test](#) Form.



### **Save**

Enabled only when you have modified the Image or a Palette. Saves the Current Image with any modification to the Image done in the Editor so far (see [Save a File](#); if you have Edited a 256-Colors Image's Palette, it will be updated at that point and Saved with the File).



### **Cancel**

Exits the Editor, discarding any modification to the Image or the Palettes. If you have Saved from the Editor, this will only Cancel the modifications done after the Save.



### **Done**

Exits the Editor and returns to the main form with all the modifications to the Image and/or Palettes.

## Palettes

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

If the Image has a Palette (i.e. if it has 256 or less Colors: its Color Definitions, or "Image Palette", is embedded in the File), the Editor will use it. If it doesn't (True Colors Images), you can use any Color.

### To Select an Active Foreground Color

Click a Color in a Color Palette with the Left or Right Mouse Button.


### The Editor's Display Palettes...


**Small** 16 Colors, located under the Tool buttons


**Big** 240 more Colors at the right, if the Image has 256 or more Colors

**Mix** Visible if the Image has 256 or more Colors; if the Image has 2 or 16 Colors, you can still "Mix" two Colors. See [Mix Colors](#) for more.


### In detail, if the Image is...

 No Palette, since there are only Two Colors.

 All Colors are Displayed in the Small Palette. If they show Dithered, see [Why are the Colors in my 16-Colors Icon all Wrong?](#)

 The First 16 Colors are in the Small Palette, the 240 remaining ones in the Big Palette. If you Create a New Image, BMPTOICO uses a Generic Palette. Both Palettes can be [Edited](#): Select the Color you wish to Edit as an Active Foreground Color.

**VGA 16 Colors:** When you Edit an Image for the first time, BMPTOICO looks for these [Colors](#) in the Image's Palette; if it does not find them, and there is room at the end, it will add as many as it can fit. These Colors will become part of the Image's Palette when you Save or Convert it.

 These Images can use any Color. BMPTOICO gives you the choice of three sets of Display Palettes: Use the Tabs above the Big Palette to select them.

#### **Image**

Built from a range of Colors in the Image; if BMPTOICO found less than 256 Unique Colors, the remaining Palette Cells will be White. Disabled for New Images, since it is empty.

#### **Windows**

(Default choice when the Editor opens): A complete range of Colors; the Small 16-Colors Palette is Windows' Standard.

#### **Pool/+**

Full Spectrum of Colors (the Small Palette is Windows' as above). In addition (+), this Palette has Cells at the bottom, which can be filled with [Edited Colors](#).

## Mix Colors

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

The Mix Function, Visible when you Select any Paint Tool, works differently if you Edit a 2/16 Colors Image, or a 256/True Colors one.

### If the Image is...

 ,

 ,



- . Left Button: to Paint with Solid Colors (Default)
- . Right Button: to "Mix" the Left and Right Foreground Colors; the resulting shade is displayed besides the button while it is down. Using the Left or Right Button to Paint will determine how the Colors Alternate. Disabled if Select the "Alternate" or "Transparent" Color Options (Icons only).


 ,

 ,




Click it to Create a Mix Palette of 8 shades obtained by mixing the two Foreground Colors. Click the little "X" button to hide the Mix Palette.

### To Use the Colors:

 Since you can only use a Color that is present in the Image's Palette, you must first Copy the Color you want to the Small or the Big Palette:

- 1 Click on the Color in the Mix Palette. leave Button depressed
- 2 Drag the Mix symbol to the Palette cell you want to replace
- 3 Drop the Color: it is now your Left Button Foreground Color.

BMPTOICO warns you if the Color being replaced is used in image (you can Cancel the Drop). The Drag CheckBox is Checked and Disabled, since Drag is the only possible way to Select a Mixed Color.

 Use the Left or Right button to Select the Color in the Mix Palette. If you want to keep it in a Palette, Check the **Drag** Checkbox (not labeled, located at right of the Mix Palette). The instructions are the same as those for 256-Colors Images, except that the Dropped Color will not be automatically Selected as Foreground Color.

## **256** Color Options

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

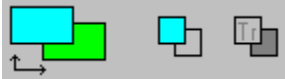
If you Position the Mouse Pointer over one of the Current Colors, the Tool Tip at lower left will tell you what you can do with it:

- . **Show Color Use**
- . **Edit the Color** (256/True Colors Images, Foreground Colors only)
- . **Change the Transparent Color** (Icons only, see below)

### Bitmaps

Only the two Foreground Colors are available; they work the same way as for Icons.

### Icons and Cursors: Select an Option



Click on a Color Swatch to Select a Painting Option. The Selected Option is Displayed bigger than the other two.



#### Foreground

The Left button will paint the Left Color, the Right button will paint the Right one. Click the Squared Arrow to permute them. This is the only Option available if you Edit a Bitmap.

#### To Select Foreground Colors

Click a Color in a Color Palette with the Left or Right Mouse Button.



#### Alternate

The Left button will paint the Left Foreground Color (the Permute Arrow is still active), the Right button will paint Transparent.



#### Transparent

The Left button will paint Transparent, the Right one will paint "Screen Inverse".

#### To Change it

Click the Left Button Color while this Option is selected and Select a new Color in your Current Small Palette (the "Screen Inverse" Color will be automatically updated).

**MORE ON:** [Transparency](#)




## **Show Color Use**

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

You can See If and How a Color is used in your Image (Foreground Colors only if you Edit an Icon). Position the Mouse Pointer over any [Color Option](#) Swatch, and the Tool Tip at lower left will tell you can see its Use or not.

### **Right-Click on the Color; if it is...**

- . **Used** in the Image: All Pixels of that Color will briefly Flash.
- . **Not Used**: you will hear a Beep.

 BMPTOICO might have problems finding the Color you want to check if it was Selected from a Palette. To make sure you get the right Color, use the Pick Tool to get it from the Image itself (see [Why does 16-bit Video Mode not Display Colors correctly?](#)).

## **Color Editing**

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

If your Image has **256 Colors or more**, you can Edit the Active Colors (Foreground Colors only if you Edit an Icon). Position the Mouse Pointer over any [Color Option](#) Swatch, and the Tool Tip at lower left will tell you if it can be Edited or not.

### How to do it...

- 1 Select the Color you wish to Change as a **Foreground Color**.
- 2 Double-Click it with the **Left Button** to Open the COLOR EDITING Form.

### The COLOR EDITING Form

If the Color you are Editing is present in the Image, All Pixels of that color will Flash briefly (same as [Show Color Use](#), with the same 16-bit Display problem).

 [Picture](#) with Complete PopUp Help.

[How do I.... Keep a List of my Favorite Colors?](#)

### To Get the New Color


Use the RGB (or HSL) Scrolls, or the Value Text Boxes, or the Palettes at the right (Click the Button with a little Palette to Display them), to Select a Color.


The Values can be Displayed or Entered in Decimal or Hexadecimal notation (the Default Setting Form opens depends on your current [RGB Values Option](#)).

### OK, Done

Click the **OK** Button: You can use the New Color Immediately with any Paint Tool. Or Click **Cancel**.

### If the Image is...

 The Color will be automatically Replaced in the Editor's Palette; if it was Found in the Image, it will be Replaced there by BMPTOICO as well, and the Undo to Image will also be updated. If both Foreground Colors have the same Palette Index, the other one will also be replaced.

 No Restriction. Editing a Foreground Color will NOT replace it in the Editor's Palette (but you can use the extra cells of the Pool/+ Palette to store a New Color for future use with this Image). If the Old Color was Found in the Image, it will NOT be replaced, UNLESS you Check the AUTO-REPLACE Box.

### Permanence of the New Colors in the Palettes

The Image's Palette in memory, distinct from the one displayed in the Editor, will be updated only when you Save the Image from the Editor, or Exit it with the Done Button. In Detail, if you Click these Editor Buttons...

Button	Action
<b>Cancel</b>	All Color Changes are lost

<b>Done</b>	The Changes are Committed to the Image's Palette
<b>Save</b>	in BMPTOICO's memory, and...



The Edited Palette will be saved with the File when you Convert or Save it.



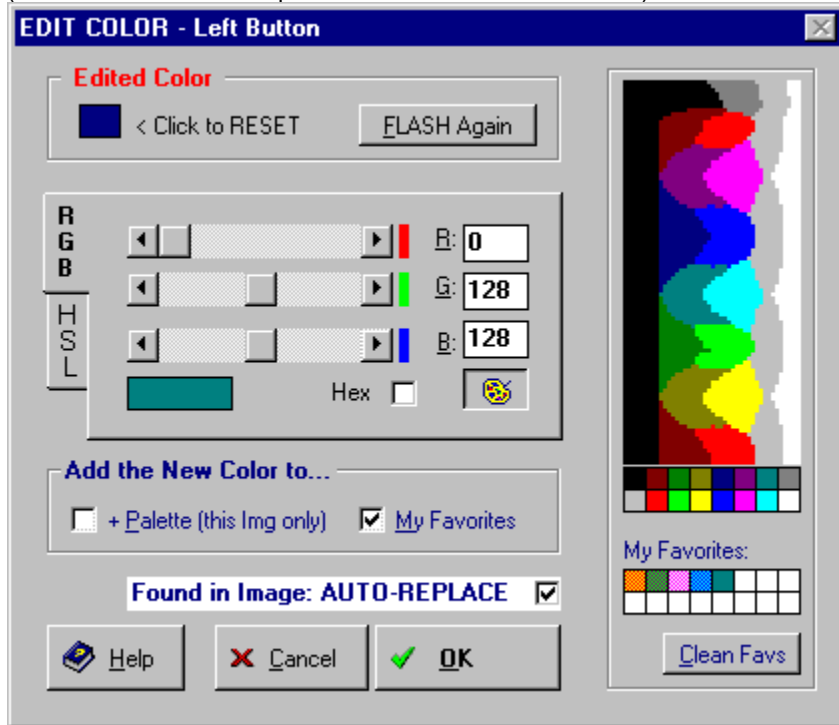
The Pool + Palette will remain attached to the Image as long as it is in memory, but will not be kept when you Convert or Save it.

## 256 Color Editing: Picture

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

This example is for Editing a Color in an **Image with True Colors**; the Pool Palette and the Favorites Colors in this picture have been decreased to 16 colors to please WinHelp, but will show in all their glory in BMPTOICO...


(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)



## Move Tool

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)



Selects a Region in the Editing Area, allowing you to Move, Copy or Delete it. Click the Move Tool Button, or Click Tools  Move, or Press [CTRL+M]. The [Edit Menu](#) will be Enabled, and the [Move Functions Buttons](#) will be Visible.

### 1 Select an area...

To...

**Move** the Selection

**Copy** the Selection

Use Mouse's

**Left Button**

**Right Button**

- 1 Click in the Editing Area with a Mouse Button to anchor one corner of the Region you want to select
- 2 Drag the mouse until the flexible box that appears surrounds the Region you want to Select
- 3 Release the button

If you make a mistake while Selecting, Click outside of the Selected Region and start over.

### 2 Or Select All...

Press [CTRL+A] or Click Edit  Select All.

### 3 Perform an Operation

**Move** or **Copy** the Selected Region within the Image; many ways to do this:

- . Click inside its borders (where the Cursor changes to four white arrows), Drag the Selection where you want it, Release the button
- . Use the Nudge (Arrow) Buttons.
- . If you have Magnified a portion of your Image, the Selected Region will stay put if you use the Scrolls to display another portion of your Image.

**Move Functions Buttons:** Click them (or Select their corresponding Edit Menu items) to Flip, Rotate, Cut, Copy or Paste the Selection - or the whole Image if No Region, or All, is Selected.

### 4 Commit the Selection...

- . Click outside it in the Editing Area, OR
- . Select "Commit Selection" in the Edit Menu, OR
- . Click the Commit Button (Red Check) in the Move Functions, OR
- . Cut or Copy it (Move Functions), OR
- . Start another operation

### 5 ...Or Cancel it

Click the **UNDO** Button, or Press [CTRL+Z]. No REDO possible.

## Move Functions

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

These Functions, accessed via Buttons or the Edit Menu, are visible only when you Select the **Move Tool**. Disabled if you Magnify the Image, but will be re-Enabled as soon as you make a Selection.

### Apply to


- . **Selection Only:** if you have Selected a Region with the Mouse
- . **Whole Image:** if no Region is Selected, or you have "Selected All"

### Select All


Click Edit  Select All, or Press [CTRL+A].



### Commit Selection



This Button is Enabled as soon as you use any Move Function. Click it to Commit the Change to the Image. You can also Click Edit  Commit Selection, or Click anywhere in the Image, but outside the Selection, to Commit it.

### Undo

Click the **UNDO** button, Click Undoes  Undo Last, or Press [CTRL+Z], to Cancel any change (no REDO possible).





### Nudge

Click to Nudge (Move) Left, Right, Up or Down, one Column or Row at a time. Or Click Edit  Nudge  Left | Right | Up | Down.





### Flip

Click to Flip Horizontally (Mirror) or Vertically. Or Click Edit  Flip  Horizontal | Vertical.



### Rotate

Click to Rotate Left or Right. Or Click Edit  Rotate  Left | Right. Disabled if you have Selected All and the Image is not Square, or if you have Selected a Rectangular Region and there is no room to Rotate it in the other direction (it is too close to the bottom or the right border).



### Cut, Copy [CTRL+X, CTRL+C]

Enabled once you have Selected a Region, or All. Click the button, or Edit  Cut / Copy, to Send the Selection to the ClipBoard. Check what was sent by Clicking Image  ClipBoard Viewer.

### Notes:

- . Cut will also Delete the Selection from the Image.
- . Icons are always Copied as Bitmaps (Transparency is not preserved).
- . Both Functions are disabled after you have Moved, Flipped or Rotated a Selection; this is by design.

### Delete [Del]

(No Button) Deletes the Selected region from the Image, without Sending it to the ClipBoard. You can always UNDO the operation.



### Paste Opaque or Transparent [CTRL+P, CTRL+V]

see [Pasting](#).


## **Pasting**

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)



Only available when you Edit an Image. It is a Move Function: the two Buttons, and the Edit Menu item, are Visible only when you Select the **Move Tool**. They are Enabled as soon as a Bitmap is in the Clipboard, whether copied from BMPTOICO or from another application.

### How to Paste...



Click one of the two Paste Buttons, or Click Edit  Paste Opaque or Edit

 Paste Transparent.


Paste	Hot Key	Action
 <b>Opaque</b>	[CTRL+P]	All pixels are pasted over those of the Image
 <b>Transparent</b>	[CTRL+V]	Transparency is created by setting All Pixels of the Current "Pasting Transparent Color" (see below) in the Pasted Snippet as Transparent.


BMPTOICO will Adjust the Colors of the Pasted Snippet to the Palette of the Image being Edited, unless this Image has True Colors.

You can always UNDO a Paste Operation or Delete it.

### "Transparent Color" when Pasting

It is shown at the right of the Paste Transparent Button.

If you Edit an Icon  It will be Set to...  
... the Current "Transparent Color" used to Paint (the little apostrophe mark will remind you)

a Bitmap  ... the Current Right Button "Foreground Color" used to Paint (like any other Drawing App.)

## **Paint Tools**

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

### Select a Tool

Click a Tool Button, or Click Tools  [Tool], or Press the appropriate Hot Key.


### Paint...

Use the Left Mouse Button to Paint with the Left Color, the Right one to Paint with the Right Color.

### Undo/Redo... [CTRL+Z]

 All Paint Operations (except Pick) will Enable this Button. Click it to Discard the Change, and Click it again to re-Display it (REDO).



The **Undo To Image** at Upper Right is Updated each time you Click on a New Tool (including Move, but excluding the Magnifier): Double-Click it to revert to that State, or Click Undoes  Undo to Undo to Image.

If you have really messed up, Click Undoes  Reload Original Image (or New Template).



### **Pick a Color** [CTRL+I]

Use the Left or Right Button to Pick a Foreground Color from the Editing Area. Disabled for Monochrome Images, and when the "Transparent Colors" Option is selected (Icons only).



### **Draw** [CTRL+D]

Paints individual pixels

- 1 Click in the Editing Area
- 2 Release the button: UNDO Last is updated.

#### **Draw more than one pixel:**

Drag the mouse slowly before releasing the button.



### **Line** [CTRL+L]

Paints a one-pixel wide line.

- 1 Click in the Editing Area to anchor one end of the Line
- 2 Drag the mouse until it reaches the other end of the Line you want to draw
- 3 Release the button.



### **Fill** [CTRL+F]

Fills a closed area.

Click in the region to be Filled: all adjacent pixels which are the same color as the starting pixel will be colored automatically.

**MORE ON:** [QuickTran Fill](#) (256 Colors or more).



### **Swap Two Colors** [CTRL+W]

Quickly Replace one Color with another.

- 1 Select the two Colors you want to use (Icons: Select both as Foreground)
- 2 Select the Size of the Swap (Color Replacer) Tool
- 3 If the Size is higher than 1 pixel, Select the Brush Style: Round or Square
- 4 Place the Cursor where you want to Start Replacing a Color.
- 5 Press the Left Button to Start Replacing the Right Button Color with the Left one, or vice-versa.
- 6 Move the Mouse to continue Replacing the Color.
- 7 Release the Mouse Button when you are done.

### Swap with Transparent:

If you Edit an Icon, you can Swap the Left Foreground Color with the Transparent one if you Select the "Alternate Colors" Option.



### Rectangles and Squares

Paints a Rectangle or a Square. Click the Arrow Button to Fly-Down all [3 Styles](#).

- 1 Click in the Editing Area to anchor one corner of the rectangle
- 2 Drag the mouse until it is the size and shape you want
- 3 If you want a "Purrfect" Square, Press the CTRL Key while Dragging
- 4 Release the button.



### Ovals and Circles

Paints an Oval or a Circle. Click the Arrow Button to Fly-Down all [3 Styles](#).

- 1 Click in the Editing area to anchor one point of the circle
- 2 Drag the mouse until it is the size and shape you want
- 3 If you want a "Purrfect" Circle, Press the CTRL Key while Dragging
- 4 Release the button.



### Text [CTRL+T]

Opens the Text Tool.



## QUICKTRAN Fill

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

Quickly Creates **Transparency** in Icons that don't have a uniform color as background, but have similar ones.

### Visible if...

- . You Edit an Icon with 256 Colors or more
- . The Fill Tool is Selected
- . The "Transparent Colors" Option is Selected

### How to do it



Adjust the RGB Tolerance Scroll (Range is 0-100), then Click a Pixel in the Editing Area: any pixel whose RGB levels are close to those of the Clicked Pixel will also be changed to Transparent.

TIP: Start with a Low Tolerance value near the Image you want to keep, then increase the value as you get closer to the borders.

### RGB Tolerance

BMPTOICO looks for pixels whose Red, Green and Blue values differ from those of the Clicked Pixel within the Tolerance Range you have set, plus or minus. Since the RGB levels have a Range of 0-255, QuickTran works only for colors that are similar.

### Example:



In this Icon, the Dark Green RGB values are 37-121-0 respectively, and the Light Green ones are 73-220-0. An RGB Tolerance of 100 was needed to make both Greens Transparent when one Green Pixel at the right of the cat image was Clicked with the Fill Tool.

## 256 Text Tool

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

### 256 Open it...

Click the Text Tool Button, or Click Tools **256** Text, or Press [CTRL+T].



The Text Frame will open at the right of the Editing Area. If your Image has 256 or True Colors, the Big Palette(s) will remain available. When the Function opens, you will see the Text Cursor at upper left of the Editing Area. Click anywhere in it to re-position it, or use the Move (Arrow) buttons. Each time you change a Text Attribute or Position, you can see it immediately in the small Image, as well as in the Editing Area.

#### 1 Enter some Text

Type your Text in the Box, **one line at a time**. If you Add a Line, the previous one cannot be modified anymore.

Each line being independent from the other means that you can use more than one Color or Font in the same Image.

#### 2 Change its Color, Position, Font

Use the Tabs: **Color/Position**, **Font**

All the Text Attributes (Font, Font Size, Color, Bold, etc...) are kept in memory until you exit BMPTOICO.

#### 3 Use the Buttons to...

##### Er[ase]

Deletes the Text from both the Image and the Text Box (same as Deleting the Text in the Box).

##### Ad[d Line]

The new line is positioned below the previous one, which is now part of the Image.

##### Tips

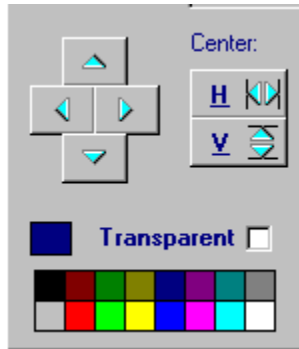
- . If you don't see the New Line, Move it up until you see it, or Click in the Editing Area to re-position it.
- . To get characters of different colors in one line, enter each one as a separate Line, and move it to the correct position.

#### 4 OK, Done...

Click the **Text OK** Button to close the Text Function and return to Editing, or Click the **Cancel** button. And if you Click OK by mistake, you can still Undo all Text changes by Clicking the Editor's **UNDO** Button.

## **256** Text: Color/Position

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)



This **Text Tool** Tab allows you to Change the Text's Position and Color. If you are Editing an Image with 256 or True Colors, the Big Palette(s) remain available.

### **Text Position**

#### **Move (Arrow) Buttons**

Click them to move your Text (or the Text Cursor) around, one pixel at a time. You can also quickly Change the position of the Text by Clicking in the Editing Area.

#### **H V Buttons**

Click them to Center your Text Horizontally between the Left and Right Margins, or Vertically between the Top and Bottom Margins.

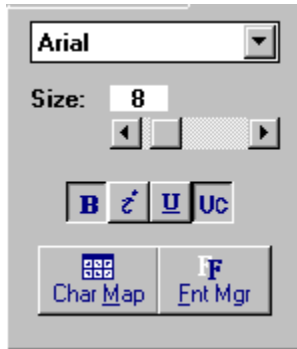
### **Text Color**

The Text's Small Palette is a copy of the Editor's Small one. Click on a Color in it or (if available) in the Big Palette; the current Color is displayed above the Small Palette.

If you want the Text to be [Transparent](#), Check the Box at the upper right of the Palette (Disabled if you Edit a Bitmap).

## 256 Text: Font

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)



This **Text Tool** Tab allows you to Change the Text's Font, its Size and its Attributes. You can also Manage your personal Font list, and quickly add non-standard characters to your Text.

### Name

Select a Font from the Combo list. When you first run BMPTOICO, the list contains Fonts common to all version of Windows. You can modify it by Clicking the **Fnt Mgr** Button (see below).

### Size

Use the Scroll to change the Point Size of the Font; some Fonts have a limited range of Sizes.

### Attributes

Click the Buttons to set these Attributes On or Off: **Bold** (default is On), **Italic**, **Underline**, **All Upper Case** (default is On).

### Character Map

Click the **Char Map** Button to Open it. Displays all characters in the Font currently selected in the Text Function: especially fun to use with "Ding" Fonts, which are displayed in a bigger size.

#### To Add a Character to your Text

- 1 Click it to highlight it
- 2 Click the Select button to copy it to the Map's Text Box; you can Select more than one character
- 3 Click the **Paste** button to Close the Map (or Cancel).

If the Font Tab's **UC** Button is down, the Map automatically converts all characters to Upper Case.

### Font Manager

Click the **Fnt Mgr** Button to Open it. The Fonts currently used by BMPTOICO's Text Function are listed at Left, and all the other Fonts on your system are listed at Right. Use the << and >> Buttons to Add or Delete Fonts from BMPTOICO's list. This list is kept in the INI file, and BMPTOICO will check for bad fonts each time it starts.

256

## Magnifier Tool

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)



Use the Slider to Zoom In on the Image for easier Editing. Or Click Tools [256](#) Magnify, and Select a Magnification Factor.

- Zoom In**      Move the Slider Down
- Zoom Out**    Move the Slider Up
- Reset to**     You can also Double-Click the Magnifier area,
- No Zoom**    or Click Tools [256](#) Magnify [256](#) Normal

### Current Magnification Factor

[cols](#) ] x 1

It is always displayed below the Editing Area, at the right of the Image Specifications.

The Maximum Factor varies according to the size of the enlarged pixels in the Editing Area (the smaller they are, for example if your Image is 72x72 pixels, the more you can Zoom In).

## Image Menu

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

### Check Transparency

Same as the Check Transparency Button. Displays the Icon's Mask in the Editing Area, showing which pixels will be [Transparent](#). Disabled if you are Editing a Bitmap.

### Test the Cursor...

Same as the Test the Cursor Button. Visible only if you are Editing a Cursor. Opens the [Test Cursor](#) form.

### Save as... [CTRL+S]

Same as the Save Button. Enabled only when you have modified the Image or a Palette. Saves the Current Image with any modification to the Image done in the Editor so far. If you have Edited a 256-Colors Image's Palette, it will be updated at that point and saved with the File.

**MORE:** [Save a File](#)

### Zoom on Other Formats

Visible only if the Icon you are Editing has more than one [Format](#). Useful to compare Colors, Design, etc. Opens a Small Form with the Picture List of all the other Formats in the Icon: Select the one of which you want to see a Blowup.

**Picture and more help:**

[How Do I... Compare the Image I am Editing with Other Images?](#)

### Clipboard Viewer

Shows the Bitmap (Icons are always copied as Bitmaps) currently in the Clipboard, with its pixel dimensions, or a message if there is none. This function is also accessible from the Global menu of the Main form.

### Show Clipboard to Compare

Visible only if your Video Mode is High Colors or more. Displays the Contents of the Clipboard in a special Form that will stay on your Desktop for as long as you need it. This function is also accessible from the Global Menu of the Main form.

**Picture and more help:**

[How Do I... Compare the Image I am Editing with Other Images?](#)

### Cancel

Same as the Cancel Button. Exits the Editor, discarding any modification to the Image or the Palettes. If you have Saved from the Editor, this will only Cancel the modifications done after the Save.

### Done

Same as the Done Button. Exits the Editor and returns to the main form with all the modifications to the Image or Palettes.

## Tools Menu

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

This Menu's items perform the same operations as the Tool Buttons.

Tool	Action Key	see...
<b>Move</b>	[CTRL+M]	<a href="#">Move Tool</a>
<b>Text</b>	[CTRL+T]	<a href="#">Text Tool</a>
<b>Magnify</b>		<a href="#">Magnifier Tool</a>
<b>Pick Color</b>	[CTRL+I]	<a href="#">Paint: Pick Tool</a>
<b>Draw</b>	[CTRL+D]	<a href="#">Paint: Draw Tool</a>
<b>Line</b>	[CTRL+L]	<a href="#">Paint: Line Tool</a>
<b>Fill</b>	[CTRL+F]	<a href="#">Paint: Fill Tool</a>
<b>Swap Colors</b>	[CTRL+W]	<a href="#">Paint: Swap Tool</a>
<b>Rectangle/Square</b>		<a href="#">Paint: Rectangle Tool</a>
<b>Oval/Circle</b>		<a href="#">Paint: Oval Tool</a>

Like their Button counterparts, **Rectangle/Square** and **Oval/Circle** offer [3 Styles](#).

## **Edit Menu**

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

Enabled only when you Select the **Move Tool**.

### **Commit Selection**

Commits the Change to the Image. Same as Clicking outside a Selected Region or Clicking the Commit Selection (✓) Button.

### **Cut | Copy** [CTRL+X] [CTRL+C]

Same as the [Cut and Copy Buttons](#), with same Enabling remarks.

### **Delete** [Del]

Deletes the Selection from the Image, without Sending it to the ClipBoard.

### **Select All** [CTRL+A]

Selects the whole Image; Disabled if a Region is currently Selected.

### **Paste Opaque | Transparent** [CTRL+P] [CTRL+V]

Same as the Paste Buttons: see [Pasting](#).

**Nudge...** **Left | Right | Up | Down** see [Nudge](#) Button

**Flip...** **Horizontal | Vertical** see [Flip](#) Button

**Rotate...** **Left | Right** see [Rotate](#) Button



## **Undoes Menu**

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

### **Undo/Redo Last**      CTRL+Z

Same as the UNDO/REDO Button. Enabled each time you use a **Paint Tool** (it will work both ways until you perform another operation), Disabled if no reversing can be done. If you are using the Move Tool, only one Undo Last is permitted (no Redo).

### **Undo to Undo to Image**



Resets the Edited Image to that of the "Undo To" Image at the upper right (Updated each time you Select a new Tool or if you Change the Transparent Color). You can also Double-Click the Image itself.

This item, and the Image, are disabled if the Edited Image is identical to the Undo one, or when you Check an Icon's Transparency.

TIP: if you wish to Update this Image while continuing to use a Tool, select another one, then re-Select the one you need.

### **Zoom on Undo to Image**

Shows a Blowup of the "Undo To" Image.

### **Reload Original Image**

Reloads the original Image from BMPTOICO's main form, discarding any modification to the Image or Palettes: you will be reminded, and asked to Proceed or not. If you have Saved the Image from the Editor, it will Reload the Image that was Saved.

If you Edit a New Image, the menu item will read "Reload NEW Template" and Clicking it will Clear the Image. If you Save the Image in the Editor, the "Original Image" will be updated.

## Options Menu

Back to: [Editor Main Topic](#)

These Options are all Toggles, and will be saved to the INI file when you Exit BMPTOICO. They slow down the display slightly, so you might want to turn them Off if you are working on a slower computer.

### **No Grid | Black Grid | Grey Grid**

You can display a Pixel Grid in the Editing Area, or not. If your Image is dark, select the Grey Grid. Default is No Grid.

### **Transparency Dots**

Shows which Pixels are Transparent in an Icon with small dots or slanted lines. Default is On (see the Editor's [Picture](#) for an example). Disabled when you Edit a Bitmap.

### **RGB values No Show | Decimal | Hexadecimal**

Displays the RGB Values, and a Color Swatch, currently under the Mouse Pointer. Works over the Editing Area (Foreground Colors only), the Color Options, the Palettes, and the "Mix" Palette if present. Default is On and Decimal.

Note: The RGB Values are not visible when the Move Tool is Selected.

## Convert a File

### Open the Wizard

Click the **Convert >** Button, or Click File  Convert >, or press [CTRL+C] or [ALT+C].

Button and Menu item are labeled according to the Opened Image, not its extension (if the Opened .ICO file is really a Bitmap with an .ICO extension, the Convert button is labeled "> ICO").

### Two Versions

BMP > ICO Wizard



ICO > BMP Wizard



### Wizard Navigation

Click the **Next** or **Back** Buttons. On the last page, the Next button will be replaced by a **Convert** button. When you Click it, the Converted File will be Saved to the Current Save Folder (same as the Current Open Folder, unless it is Read-Only) and automatically Opened into BMPTOICO. You can, at any time, Click the **Cancel** button.

### More Conversion Options

See Save a File for more specialized Options (like changing only the extension).

### A Note on File Names:

The last page of the Conversion Wizards allows you to change the default filename; it might be the only page shown (for ex. if an Icon has no Transparency, you cannot change its Background color when converting it to BMP).

The default file name will be the same as that of the Image in the Main Form, but without the target extension, which will be added automatically. For example, if you Convert BALLOON.ICO to BMP, the default file name will be BALLOON, but it will be saved as BALLOON.BMP.

## 256 Convert: BMP to ICO

Back to: [Convert a File](#)

### 1 Select the Color Depth

This page appears only if

- . Your Video Mode is set to High or True Colors
- . The Bitmap you are Converting has True Colors

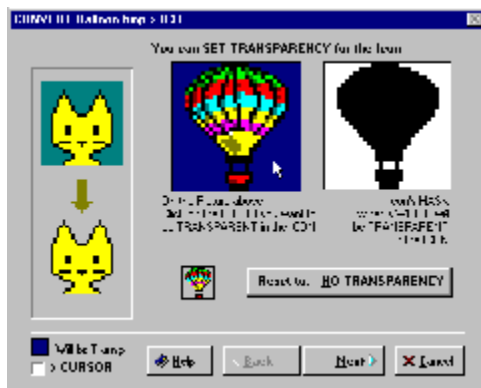
The Options are **True Colors** or **256 Colors** (Default), and BMPTOICO shows you both Images (the 256-Colors Image's Palette is built when you Click the Convert Button, from a range of colors found in the Image).

[How can I use 256 Colors Icons?](#)

[Are True Color Icons used in "real life"?](#)

### 2 Set a Color to be Transparent in the Icon

This page, always shown, lets you set a Color that will be **Transparent** in the Icon. Your Bitmap is Displayed at left, the future Icon's Mask at the right.



Click on a Pixel of the Color you want to be Transparent, check the result in the Icon's Mask at right and in the Small Icon at bottom. If you don't like it, Click the **Reset to: NO TRANSPARENCY** Button: the Mask will revert to All Black.

**NOTE:** ALL Pixels of that Color will be made Transparent in the Converted Icon. You might need to first Edit your Bitmap to make sure this Color is not used anywhere else in the Image.

**MORE ON:** [Transparency](#)

### 3 Set the Target FileName

The last page of the Wizard allows you to change (or accept) the default filename for the ICO Target file.

**[Convert] > CURSOR**

If the Bitmap you are Converting from measures 32 x 32 pixels, Check the box at the lower left to Convert it to a Cursor.

### 4 Select one or more Formats for the Icon

If the Bitmap's size is one of the three 32-bit Windows preferred **Formats**, you can save additional Formats in the ICO file while Converting:



In the Save Filename page of the Wizard, Check the format(s) you wish to add to the Icon (you need to preserve the current Size of the Bitmap: its CheckBox will be greyed).

**5 Convert**

Click the **Convert** button to complete the operation, or click the **Cancel** button if you change your mind.

## **Convert: ICO to BMP**

Back to: [Convert a File](#)

If your Icon has Transparent Pixels, they will be Converted to Foreground Pixels (Bitmaps don't know about Transparency) of BMPTOICO's Current Transparent Color, but you can change that Color before the Conversion.

### 1 **Select the Background Color**


This page is shown only if your Icon has Transparent Pixels. Click a Color on the Palette: the little image shows you the result. You may Click the **Zoom+Tran** button to see result in detail.




### Palette offered






 That of the Image.

 Windows' Standard 256-colors palette; since your System is set to High or True Color, all Colors will be OK in the Converted BMP.

### How can I tell if my Icon has Transparency?

The **Zoom Button**'s picture in BMPTOICO's Main Form will tell you:  Yes

 No

**MORE ON:** [Transparency](#)

### 2 **Set the Target FileName**

The last page of the Wizard allows you to change (or accept) the default filename for the BMP Target file.

### 3 **Convert**

Click the **Convert** button to complete the operation, or click the **Cancel** button if you change your mind.

## Save a File

**256**

By design, BMPTOICO only has a "Save As.." Option: I found it too easy to Save a modified Image over a perfectly valid one that I wanted to keep...

### Open the Wizard

Click the **Save as...** Button, or Click Image **256** Save, or Press [CTRL+S] or [ALT+S].

The Caption changes according to the situation (Extracted Icon, Thumbnail, etc.).

Button and Menu item are Enabled only if you have modified the Opened Image, or if you can Save it immediately with a different extension (see [below](#)). It will also be Enabled as soon as you Open an Icon that contains more than one Format, to allow you to Save (Extract) a single Format.

### You can also Save from the Editor

Click the **Save** Button, or Click Image **256** Save, or Press [CTRL+S]. Enabled only after you have painted something, or Edited a Palette.

### Current Open Path is Read Only...

If the Current Path is on a Read-Only Drive, the Saved File will be Saved there, and you will be asked if you want to move to that Folder or not.

### Multi-Format Icons

If the Icon has more than one **Format** and you have modified at least one, the Save Wizard will first offer two Options:

- . **Extract Format n Only** Saves only the Currently Selected Format to the File.
- . **All Formats [n]** Saves all Images to the File, with any change you have made.

### File Names

When you Save a File, BMPTOICO will offer you a default filename (or nothing if it is a New File). You may of course change it.

Some default Save file names will have a few more characters to make them slightly different from the original file name; this is done to avoid overwriting valid pictures:

- \_Fn: Icons Extracted from Multi\_Format Icons
- \_CR: Cropped Images
- \_TH: Thumbnails
- \_UP \_DN \_DI: the Buttonizer's three States

**256**

If the original Filename has too many characters, BMPTOICO will trunk it, to keep its total length (including the suffix) as 8 characters.

### More "Converting" Options with Save:

Additionally, when you Save certain Files, a special CheckBox is Visible at the lower left of the Save Wizard:

If Your Image is...	You may Check the Box to Save it....
a 32 x 32 Icon	...as a Cursor (.CUR extension)
a Cursor	...as an Icon (.ICO extension)
a Bitmap	...with an .ICO extension (it will still be a Bitmap)
a Bitmap with an .ICO extension	...with a .BMP extension (32-bit only, see <a href="#">FAQ</a> )

## Menus and Buttons (Main Form)

Most of BMPTOICO's Functions can be accessed via a Top Button or a Menu, but some can only be accessed via a Menu.

### Menus and Buttons:

#### File

ALL...

Special Topics:

New

Resize

Edit

Convert

Save As...

Test the Cursor

Add a Format

Delete a Format

#### Global

ALL...

Special Topics:

View All

Icon Extractor

Grab from Screen

Desktop Simulation

### Menus only:

Color Depth

ALL...

Special Effects

ALL...

Buttonizer

Help

ALL...



## File Functions (All)

If no Image is Opened, only "New" and "Exit" are available. Others will become available as soon as you Open an Image.



**New** [CTRL+N]

Opens the New Image Wizard. If the Current Image has been modified, you are asked if you want to Save it.



**Synchronize w/Folder (Toggle)**

. **Up State (Default):** Changing the Folder means that the Opened Image will be Unloaded; if it has been modified, you will be asked if you want to Save it first. The Button will be Reset, and the menu item Checked, each time you Open/Create an Image, or when you Save or Convert your Image.

. **Down State:** Changing the Folder will leave the Opened Image in memory. When you Save or Convert it, it will be Saved to the new Folder, not its original one, so be extra careful with that Lock!



**Edit**  
**Convert**  
**Save as...**

**Hot Keys**

[CTRL+E] | [ALT+E]  
[CTRL+C] | [ALT+C]  
[CTRL+S] | [ALT+S]


**Opens the...**

Editor  
Conversion Wizard  
Save Wizard



**Zoom** [CTRL+Z]

Shows a Blowup of the image.

If your Icon has **Transparent** Pixels, the Button's picture will be . In the ZOOM Form, Click the **Transp.** Button to see them.

If your Image is a Cursor, the Transparent Image will also show its Hot Spot. If the Cursor does not have any Transparent Pixel, the above Button is re-labeled "Hot Spot".



**Palette**

Shows all Colors in the Image's Palette. Click on a Color to get its RGB values. Disabled if the Image is True Colors (it does not have a Palette).



The RGB values might be slightly off: [Why does 16-bit Video Mode not Display Colors correctly?](#)




**Resize**

Opens the Resize Wizard. Disabled for Cursors (they can only measure 32x32 pixels).



**Copy to Clipboard**

Sends the Current Image to the Clipboard as a Bitmap (including Icons). To Check what was sent: Click Global  Clipboard Viewer, or Image



 Clipboard Viewer in the Editor. You can also use the ClipBoard to display a copy of an Image while you work on another: Click Global



 Show ClipBoard to Compare (or equivalent item in the Editor's Image menu).



**Unload Current Image** [CTRL+U]

Unloads the Image from memory (Closes it). If the Image has been modified, you are first asked if you want to Save it.



**Test the Cursor**

Opens the Cursor Test. Visible only if the Opened Image is a Cursor (the Button is then also available in the Editor).

The following three items are Visible only if you have Opened an Icon (**MORE ON:** [Multi-Format Icons](#)).



**Add a Format**

Allows you to Add a Format to a an Icon file.



**Delete Current Format**

Allows you to Delete the Current Format from a Multi-format Icon.

**Format List**

(No Button; Visible only if the Icon has more than one Format)

Lists all Formats in a Multi-Format Icon, same as the Icon List at the right; Select the one you need.



**Exit** [ALT+F4]

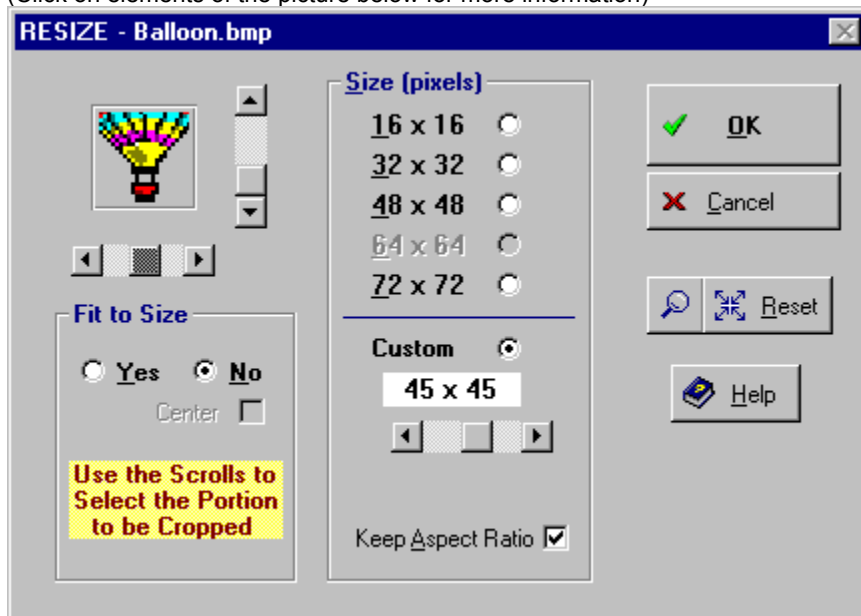
Exits BMPTOICO. If the Current Image has been modified, you are asked if you want to Save it.



## Resize Wizard: Picture

Back to: [File Functions \(All\)](#)

(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)



## 256 Test the Cursor

Back to: [File Functions \(All\)](#)

Only available for Cursors. Allows you to Test it, and View/Change its **Hot Spot**.

### Open it...

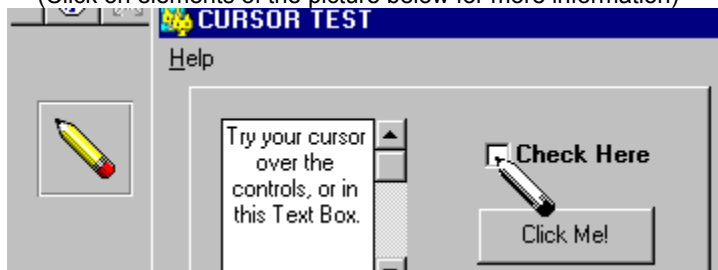
In the Main Form or in the Editor, Click the **Test Cursor** Button, or Click File [256](#) Test the Cursor in the Main Form, or Image

[256](#) Test the Cursor in the Editor.

It offers dummy Controls, with their individual Pointers set to the tested Cursor. Click the Label at the bottom to test the Cursor on the Form itself.

BMPTOICO can only display Monochrome Test Cursors; if your Cursor has more than two Colors, its Original Image will not be changed:

(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)



### The Cursor's Hot Spot

In order to be useful, a Pointer needs to have one Pixel (and only one) defined as the "Pointing" Pixel. This is called the "Hot Spot", and you can change it in the Cursor Test module.



Click the **Hot Spot** Button.



You will see a Blowup of the Cursor, with its Current Hot Spot colored in Red; its Pixel position is also given. Change it by Clicking on your new Pixel Hot Spot, and Click the **Test Again** button to Test your new Hot Spot.

### Test completed

Click the **Close** button to return to BMPTOICO's main form or Editor.


## **Add a Format to an Icon**


Back to: [File Functions \(All\)](#)

You can Add **Formats** to any Opened Icon, if it is Square, and its Size is that of a regular Windows Icon (16 x 16, 32 x 32, 48 x 48, 64 x 64, 72 x 72); Disabled otherwise.

**MORE:** [What are Multi-Format Icons?](#)

### **Open the Wizard...**

Click the **Add Format** Button, or Click File  Add a Format.

 **Picture** with PopUp Help, and a note about the Options offered.

### **1 Select a Color/Size Combination**

The image at left will reflect your size choice, and will warn you if the Image's Colors need to be Decreased.

You can Add Formats until all Combinations of Size and Color Depth possible for your current Video Mode are present (Sizes of 64x64 and 72x72 are not currently used by Windows, but you never know the future...).


#### **Cursors**


Since they need to measure 32 x 32 pixels, the Add Format Wizard only offers the Color Options.

### **2 Use the Current Image... or not**

Most of the time, you will want to Use the Current Image for the New Format, and the CheckBox will be Checked then the Wizard opens. Un-Check it if you prefer your new Format to be blank.

#### **Palette notes**

- . **Use Current Image:** If your Icon already has more than one Format, make sure that the Format Currently Selected when you Click the Add a Format button has at least the same Color Depth as the New Format you wish to Add.
- . **Don't Use it,** : If both the Current and New Formats have 256 Colors and you have Un-Checked the Box, you may choose a Palette: that of the Current Format, or Windows' generic.

.  **Use Current Image is Mandatory for a New "256 Colors" Format** (the Check Box will be Greyed), as you **cannot Edit** the New Format.

### **3 OK, Done**

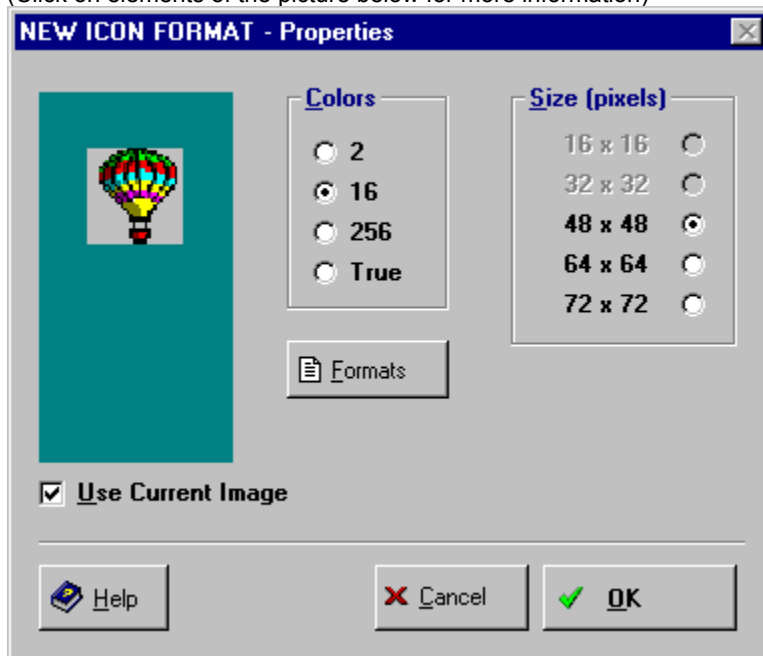
When you Click the **OK** button, the Editor will open automatically. If the New Format's Color Depth is less than the Current one, it will be Decreased before the Editor opens. You can also Cancel the New Format Wizard.

If you Click OK and then Cancel Editing without Saving the Icon in the Editor, you will be asked if you also want to Delete the new Format when BMPTOICO returns to the main form.

## Add a Format: Picture

Back to: [File Functions \(All\)](#)

(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)



### Options offered

When the Wizard Opens , it analyzes the Formats already in the file and Disables the Option combinations that are already present.

Since for Windows 256-colors and True Colors Formats are interchangeable, if one combination is present, the other one will also be disabled (for ex., if you already have a 48x48x256 Format, the 48x48xTrue combination will be disabled; you can always change the Format's Color Depth in the main form later).

The Color Options available are also function of your System's Video Mode.

## Delete Current Format from an Icon

Back to: [File Functions \(All\)](#)

If your Icon has more than one **Format**, you can Delete them one by one, until only one is left. Button and menu item are Disabled if the Icon has only one Format.

### 1 Select the Format to Delete

Make sure the Format you wish to Delete is Currently Selected

### 2 Delete it

Click the **Delete Format** Button, or Click File  Delete Current Format. You will be asked to confirm the operation.



## Global Functions (All)

Always available (except if mentioned otherwise below), whether an Image is Opened or not.



**View All** [CTRL+V]  
Opens the View All module.



**Icon Extractor** [CTRL+I]  
Opens the Icon Extractor module.



**Grab from Screen** [CTRL+G]  
Performs a Screen Capture, from which you can Crop a smaller Image.



**Desktop Simulation (Toggle)** [CTRL+D]  
Displays the Desktop Simulator. Enabled only if an Icon is Opened.

The following Items in the Global Menu don't have equivalent Buttons:

### Clipboard Viewer

Shows the Bitmap (Icons are always copied as bitmaps) currently in the Clipboard, with its pixel dimensions, or a message if there is none. This function is also accessible from the Image Menu of the Editor.

**256** The Colors of the Clipboard Contents may be wrong if its Palette is not the same as that of your Opened Image.

### Show Clipboard to Compare

Visible only if your Video Mode is High Colors or more. Shows the Contents of the Clipboard in a special Form that will stay on your Desktop for as long as you need it. This function is also accessible from the Image Menu of the Editor.

Picture and more help:

[How Do I... Compare the Image I am Editing with Other Images?](#)

### New Folder

Creates a New Folder (Directory) under the Currently Opened one. The new Folder name is restricted to eight characters by BMPTOICO. This item is Disabled if the Current Folder is on a Read-Only Drive.

### Refresh Lists [F5]

Refreshes both File Lists. Useful if you have done some Folder management outside BMPTOICO.

### Preferences...

You can set a few Preferences in BMPTOICO:

#### . Display Tool Tips

Display Tool Tips at lower left in the Main Form as well as in the EDIT, VIEW ALL, ICON Extractor and Crop Modules. Change is immediate. Default is: Display them.

#### . Open to Last Folder Used

By Default, BMPTOICO opens at the Last Folder you have used (or to its own Folder if the Last Folder was on a Floppy or Read-Only Disk). If you don't like this, you can ask BMPTOICO to disregard the Last Folder Used. The Change will take effect the next time you Run BMPTOICO.



## View All

Back to: [Global Functions \(All\)](#)

View All Icons, Cursors, BMPs and Metafiles in the Current Folder. Disabled if there are no Images in the Current Folder, or only [Web files](#) (which cannot be Viewed).

### Open it...



Click the **View All** button, or Click Global  View All, or Press [CTRL+V].

The module opens with Thumbnail Icons (or Bitmaps if there are no Icons in the Folder) on the left. The Total Number of Icons or Bitmaps in the Folder is displayed in the form's Title bar. Each image has its File Name, Dimensions and Color Depth (or some other information) displayed under it.



**Picture** with PopUp Help

### Limitations

The module relies on Windows to Display the Images, so it cannot View... All Files, and does not View many of them properly: [Why can I "View" an Image, but not Open it? Or vice-versa?](#)

#### 1 Select an Extension

**Icons** (includes .CUR Files)

Up to 20 per page; all are shown as 32 x 32 pixels Thumbnails, or Actual Size if they are smaller. If the Icon has more than one Format, the Thumbnail displays only the first one.

**Bitmaps** (includes .WMF Files)

Up to 15 per page; all are shown as 72 x 72 pixels Thumbnails, or Actual Size if they are smaller. (Web files, which cannot be Viewed, are not displayed).

Information about each Image is displayed below it.



BMPTOICO truncates File Names that are too bit fit below the thumbnail. When you Select such an Image, the Full Name will be displayed at the bottom right of the module.

#### 2 Select an Image

Click on an Image to Highlight it; its number (in the Folder) is displayed at right, under the Scan buttons.

#### 3 Navigation Buttons

(Disabled if there is only one page).

**Scan**

To turn the pages.

**Search**

Enter an Image Index Number (in the Folder, see Information under the Scan Buttons), or the beginning of its File Name (this can be only one character: Enter "m" to quickly get to the first Image which filename starts with "m").

#### 4 Right-Click on the Image to Pop the File Menu

**Info**

Information on the Disk File.

**Zoom**

Shows a Blowup of the Image as displayed in the VIEW module or, if it measures more than 72x72 pixels, the Image in Actual Size. Disabled is the Image is not valid.

**Open**

Same action as the Open Button. Enabled only if the Image can be Opened in BMPTOICO.

**Delete | Rename**

Deletes or Renames the Currently Selected Image File in the Current Folder. Not Visible if the Current Folder is on a Read-Only Drive.

#### 5 OK, Open...

Click the **Open** Button, or Select "Open" in the File menu (Button and Menu item are Disabled if you can't Open

the Image in BMPTOICO). You can also **Cancel** the View All Module.

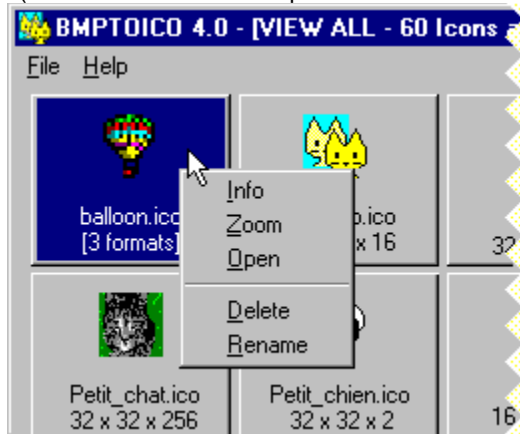


## View All: Picture

Back to: [Global Functions \(All\)](#)

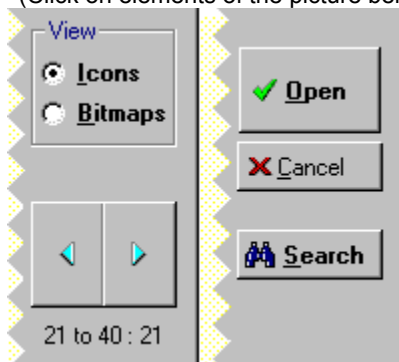
### Left Portion:

(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)



### Right portion:

(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)





## Icon Extractor

Back to: [Global Functions \(All\)](#)

BMPTOICO will let you Extract Win 3.x Icons from Executable (or similar) Files, or Icon Libraries.

### Open it...



Click the **Icon Extractor** Button, or Click Global  Icon Extractor, or Press [CTRL+I].

The Extractor module offers two File Lists: they open to the Current Folder in BMPTOICO, but you can navigate your drives independently in the module.



[Picture](#) with PopUp Help

### Painless Extraction

- 1 [Find a File](#)
- 2 [Find an Icon](#)

### File Types

#### Left File List extensions

**.EXE** Applications  
**.CPL** Control Panel applets  
**.DRV** Drivers  
**.SCR** Screen Savers  
**.VBX** Visual Basic Components  
**.OCX** ActiveX Components

#### Right List extensions

**.DLL** Executables/Libraries  
**.ICL** Libraries  
**.NIL** Libraries

### You can Modify these Lists...

Select the **File Types...** Menu. In the FILE TYPES Form, Check or Un-Check the extensions you want to see, then Click the OK button. The modified List is immediately saved to the INI file. and will be used until you Modify it again.

### To see which Types are Currently Selected

In the Icon Extractor Form, move the Pointer over the File Lists to see the Current Types in the Tool Tip.

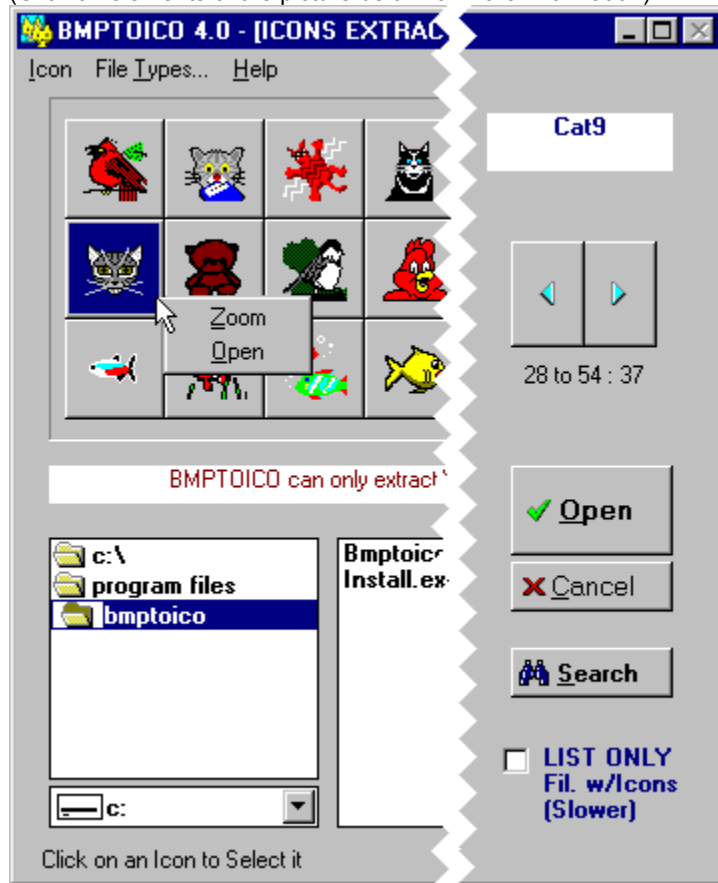
### Limitations

Being a 16-bit Application, BMPTOICO can only Extract Win 3.x Icons (32 x 32 pixels), but it will Extract Icons with more than 16 Colors if your Video Mode is set to High or True Color. If an Icon is [Multi-Format](#), it will Extract only the first 32 x 32 Format it finds.

**Bad Icons** are represented by a big **X** Icon, and cannot be Opened.

256 **Icon Extractor: Picture**


(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)



## Icon Extractor: Find a File

Back to: [Global Functions \(All\)](#)

The Icon Extractor has its own Drive, Directory, and File Lists. They are set to the Main Form's Current Folder when the Module Opens, but you can Navigate your Drive independently afterwards.

 Long filenames are used. To Change the Width of the Folder or File Lists, move the mouse pointer over the Dividers between the Lists, Click a Mouse Button and Drag it.

### 1 Select a Folder

If a File is already Opened, it will be Closed when you Select a new Folder. You can **List only Files with Icons** (Check the Box at the Lower Right), but this takes longer.

### 2 Select a File

Click on a FileName to Highlight it.

### 3 Right-Click the Highlighted File to Pop a Menu


#### Info

Information on the Disk File.

#### Open

Enabled only if there are Icons in the File. Same as Double-Clicking the File Name.

### 4 Open the Highlighted File

Double-Click on a FileName to Open it (BMPTOICO will Beep if there are no Icons in the File), or Click [File PopUp]  Open. The first 27 Icons in the File will be shown. The Total Number of Icons in the File is displayed in the form's Title bar.

Continue to [Find an Icon](#)

## Icon Extractor: Find an Icon

Back to: [Global Functions \(All\)](#)

### 1 Select an Icon

Click on an Icon to Highlight it; its number (in the File) is displayed at right, under the Scan buttons.

#### Icon Name

If the Library uses Names, that of the Selected Icon is displayed at upper right. If it not a Library, or it is but does not use them, BMPTOICO will use the Filename and the number to create one.

### 2 Navigation Buttons

(Disabled if there are only 27 or less Icons in the File).

#### Scan

To turn the pages.

#### Search

Enter an Icon Index Number (in the File: see Information under the Scan Buttons), or the beginning of its Name if the File contains Names (this can be only one character: Enter "m" to quickly get to the first Image which filename starts with "m").

### 3 Right-Click an Icon to Pop the Icon menu


#### Zoom

Shows a BlowUp of the Icon.

#### Open

Same as Clicking the Open button.

### 4 OK, Open...

Click the **Open** Button, or Click Icon  Open (also in Icon PopUp menu) to send the Icon to BMPTOICO's Main Form. You can also **Cancel** the Icon Extractor.

#### Color Check

BMPTOICO will check to see if the Icon contains only the [VGA 16](#) Colors; if it finds at least one color that is not part of this palette, the Extracted Icon will have a 256 Color palette in BMPTOICO.

#### Change Folder

If the Folder from which you Extracted the Icon is not the same as the Currently Opened Folder in BMPTOICO, you will be asked if you want to Move to New Folder Path.

Back to: [Find a File](#)



## **Grab from Screen**

Back to: [Global Functions \(All\)](#)

If the Image you want to use in BMPTOICO is Displayed in another Application, or you want to get an Icon from your Desktop, it is very easy.

### **How it works**

Click the **Grab** Button, or Click Global  Grab from Screen, or Press [CTRL+G].

BMPTOICO will first ask if your Screen is Ready. It then minimizes itself and captures the whole Screen.

The [CROP Module](#) will automatically open with the resulting Bitmap, from which you can Crop a smaller Image.

The Color Depth of the Bitmap will be that of your Current Video Mode, except for 16- and 32-bit Modes, in which case the Image will be 24-bit.

### **Capture Problem?**

If your computer is very fast, BMPTOICO might not have time to Capture the whole screen if the application you are Capturing is positioned under the BMPTOICO form and does not repaint itself fast enough. To make sure that you catch what you need the first time, position your target Form besides BMPTOICO if you can.

### **Color Problem?**

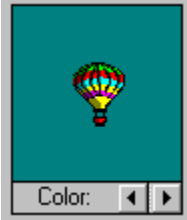
[Why does the Bitmap I Grabbed from Screen have the Wrong Colors?](#)

## **256 Desktop Simulation**

Back to: [Global Functions \(All\)](#)

Allows you to see your Icons or Cursors on a Simulated Windows Desktop, to better Check their Transparency. Not available for Bitmaps, except those having an .ICO extension (the Simulator emulates 32-bit Windows' [Fake Transparency](#)).

### **The Simulator**



Use the Scroll to Cycle through Windows' [VGA 16 Palette](#) (the Color is kept in the INI File when you Exit BMPTOICO). If you modify the Image by Editing it or changing its Size or Color Depth, the Simulation will be Updated.

### **The Button is a Toggle...**

Once Clicked, it will stay down until you Click it again, and any appropriate Image that you Open will automatically be Simulated.

Disabled (and the Desktop Sim not visible) if the Opened Image is a Bitmap, or if you Unload (Close) an Image, but the Sim will reappear as soon as you Open another appropriate Image.

## Color Depth Menu

You can, at any time, Change the Color Depth (Number of Colors) of an Opened Image and Preview the result.

What is Color Depth?

### 1 Select the New Color Depth

To Color	Depth	Palette used
<b>Monochrome</b>		2 Colors, Black and White
<b>16 Colors</b>		VGA 16 Palette ( <a href="#">see it</a> )
<b>256 Colors</b>		From 2 or 16 Colors: Standard From True Colors: Optimized, from the Image
<b>True Colors</b>		[None]

**Count Colors Used:** See how many Unique Colors are currently present in your Image.

#### Limitations

. If the Current Image belongs to a [Multi-Format Icon](#), the Color Depth Choices already present for its Size are Disabled.

**256** The 256 and True Colors Choices are Not Visible, as they are useless...

**256** The True Colors Choice is Not Visible, You can Increase the Color Depth to 256 Colors, but [No Editing](#) is possible.

### 2 Check the Result

BMPTOICO will show you the result in a small Preview Form. Click **OK** if you like it, or **Cancel**.

### 3 Select another Palette if Decreasing

**256**

**256** only. If you are Decreasing the Color Depth, you can also Select the Palette; the result, especially when Decreasing to 16 Colors, depends on the Number of Colors in your Image (Click the "Num Cols -Main" Button to get a Color Count of the Original Image).

Decrease to...	Palette Choice
<b>16 Colors</b>	. Windows (Default) . Optimized <u>Bitmaps only</u> , since 16-Color Icons should always use the VGA16 Palette
<b>256 Colors</b>	. Optimized (Default) . Windows Standard

### 4 Edit the Image with the New Palette

When you Click the **OK** Button in step 2, BMPTOICO will ask if you want to **Edit Now?** Answer "Yes" to open the Editor, or "No" to Accept the New Color Depth without Editing (you can always Edit it later).

## Special Effects Menu

You can, at any time, modify the Global Aspect of an Opened Image.

### Buttonize...

Always Visible, sometimes Disabled.

[Buttonizer Help](#)

### All Other Effects...

- . Visible only if your Video Mode is set to High Color or more ([No Edit](#) otherwise)
- . Enabled only if the Image has 256 Colors or more (they need a wide Color Range).

[Detailed Descriptions and Help](#)

## 1 Select an Effect

Select a Menu Item: The appropriate Form (SPECIAL EFFECTS or BUTTONIZER), will Open with the Original Image.

**Buttonize...** See [Buttonizer](#).

**Inverse Colors | Blur | Grey Scale | Web Safe Palette**

These Effects Are applied automatically when the Form Opens.

**Darken/Brighten | RGB Color Balance | HSL Color Balance**


The Form Opens with the original Image. One or more Scrolls allow you to vary the Effect. Use them to modify the Image, or Click the **Reset to 0%** button to re-load the Original Image and start over.

## 2 OK, Done

Click the **OK** Button to accept the Effect, or **Cancel** it.

The Image's Palette needs to be rebuilt:

 It will be rebuilt automatically with the New Color Range.

 If you have Edited your Image before applying the Special Effect, the Palette used in the Editor will be rebuilt as above.

## **Special Effects: List**

Back to: [Special Effects Menu](#)

### **Inverse Colors**

Negative Image produced by Inverting All the Colors.

### **Blur**

Blurs the Image. All Transparent Pixels in Icons will need to be made Foreground first (Blur does not work well with Transparency; BMPTOICO will ask you to confirm).

### **Grey Scale**

All the Colors in the Image will be Converted to Shades of Grey.

### **Web Safe Palette**

All the Colors in the Image will be adjusted to the Netscape 216-colors Safe Palette, the special Palette used by Web browsers when users surf from a 256-Colors system.

### **Darken/Brighten**

A Positive Scroll Value will make the Image Brighter, a Negative one will Darken it.

### **RGB Color Balance**

Add or Subtract the level of Red, Green or Blue in the Image.

### **HSL Color Balance**

Modify the Hue (Tint), Saturation ("Purity" of the colors) or Luminance (Brightness).

## Special Effects: Buttonizer


Back to: [Special Effects Menu](#)

Quickly Transform any Image into a Button, or Create a New one with the New Image Wizard.

Disabled only if the Image is Monochrome (Buttons need at least three colors), or has 256 Colors and your Video Mode is also set to 256 Colors.

### Open it...

Click Special Effects  Buttonize...

 [Picture](#) with PopUp Help.

### 1 Select a Color (New Buttons only)

The palette is [VGA16](#).

### 2 Select a Style

**Seven Choices.** BMPTOICO always remembers the last Button Style you have used, and will keep it in the INI file, ready for your next Buttonizing session.

#### BEVELLED Style Options:

- . **Size:** you can change the Pixel Size of the Bevel. Result is function of the Image's Color Depth, and whether the "Resize within Borders" Box is Checked or not.
- . **Shades:** if the "Resize within Borders" Box is Checked, you can also Select the Bevels' Shades: White (default) or Grey for the Light Shade, Dark Grey (Default) or Black for the Dark one.



**Example:** this 16-Colors Button has a Size of 5 Pixels; its Light Shade is White, its Dark Shade is Black.

### 3 Select a State

**Up, Down, Disabled.** The Down State can be Darkened Dark, Light, or Not.



If you need more than one State of a Button, first Save the Original image. Then, for each State:

- 1 re-Open the Original Image
- 2 Open the Buttonizer
- 3 Select a different State
- 4 Click OK
- 5 Save it: BMPTOICO will add `_UP`, `_DN` or `_DI` to the Default Save Filename.

### 4 OK, Done

Click the **OK** Button, or **Cancel**.

Some Buttons might need slight Editing, especially Disabled Buttons if you have Checked the "Resize Within Borders" Box (Windows might put in some unwanted Black Pixels when shrinking the Image).

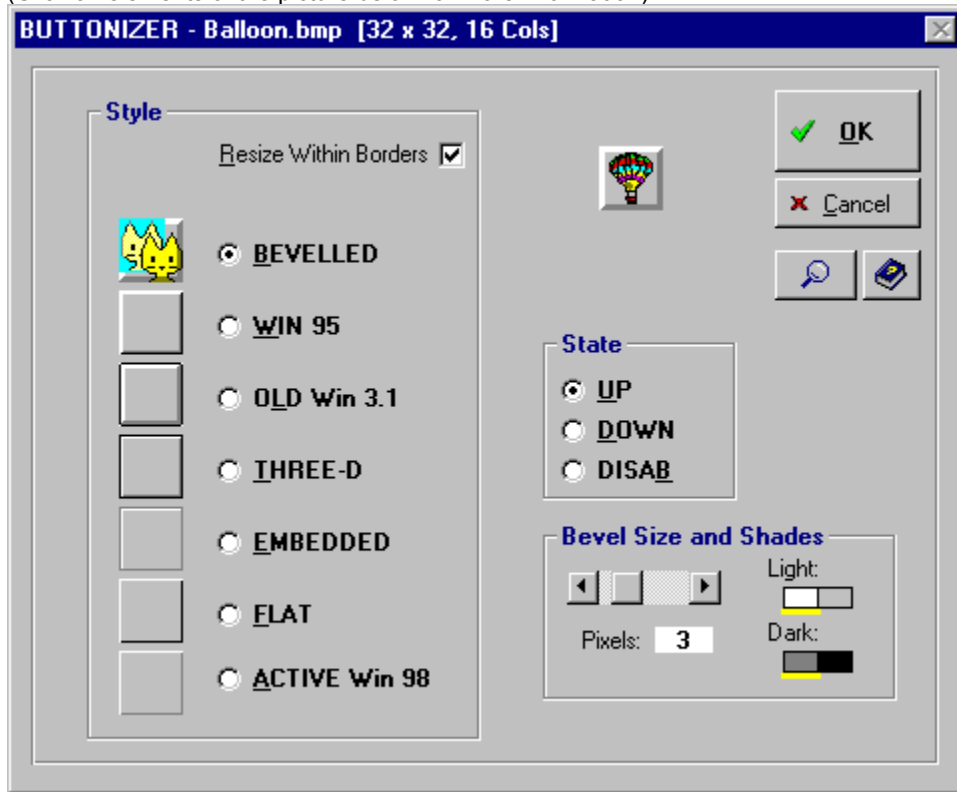
### Non-Standard Windows Color Schemes (256 or True Colors Buttons)

- . **New Buttons:** the Button Color of your Color Scheme is added to the Palette.
- . **Existing Bitmaps:** a CheckBox at the top of the Button Styles frame allows you to set your Button Colors to your Color Scheme if you wish (if the Image has 256 Colors, its palette will be rebuilt to include these colors).

## Special Effects: Buttonizer: Picture

Back to: [Special Effects Menu](#)

(Click on elements of the picture below for more information)





## Help Menu

### Contents [F1]

Opens this Help File at the Contents page.

### Search Help on...

Opens the **Index** for this Help File (same as Clicking the Search button at the top).

### Resources Check

BMPTOICO is very hungry on Windows resources. You can always Check the Percentage of Free Memory (System, Graphics and User) you still have at your disposal. There is a similar item in the Editor's Help menu.

### About

Information on BMPTOICO, and direct **Internet links** for Support, MyCat Software and Online Registration (this last link is not visible once you have Registered). The links work only if you have an Internet connection, and have set a Browser as your "Default Browser" in Windows (not tested with Windows 3.1).

### How to Register

Opens this File at the [How to Register](#) page. This item is Not Visible after you have Registered.



## FAQ - Frequently Asked Questions

### Icons in Windows

- [256](#) [What is "Transparency"?](#)
- [256](#) [How can I use 256 Colors Icons?](#)
- [256](#) [What are Multi-Format Icons?](#)
- [256](#) [How does 32-bit Windows use Multi-format Icons?](#)
- [256](#) [Are True Color Icons used in "Real Life"?](#)
- [256](#) [Can I use a Bitmap as an Icon?](#)

### Color Concepts

- [256](#) [What is Color Depth?](#)
- [256](#) [Aren't "Video Mode" and "Color Depth" the Same Thing?](#)
- [256](#) [Any Image Palette Restrictions?](#)
- [256](#) [Any Windows Palette Restrictions?](#)
- [256](#) [Any Treat for my Special Color Scheme?](#)
- [256](#) [Why does 16-bit Video Mode Not Display Colors Correctly?](#)

### BMPTOICO's Performance

- [256](#) [Why can't I Edit my 256 Colors Image?](#)
- [256](#) [Why can I "View" an Image, but not Open it? Or vice-versa?](#)
- [256](#) [Why is BMPTOICO Slow, especially while Opening Icons?](#)
- [256](#) [Why does the Bitmap I Grabbed from Screen have the Wrong Colors?](#)
- [256](#) [Why are the Colors in my 16-Colors Icon all Wrong?](#)

### Miscellaneous

- [256](#) [Can I Open Web Files in BMPTOICO?](#)
- [256](#) [Can I Open Other Graphic Files?](#)
- [256](#) [How can BMPTOICO use Long Filenames?](#)
- [256](#) [Is BMPTOICO "Y2K" Compliant?](#)

**See also:** [How Do I... ?](#)

## FAQ: What is "Transparency"?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

- . **Icons** look better if they have some Transparency.
- . **Cursors** with no Transparency look very clumsy...
- . **Bitmaps** don't know anything about it.

### Explain it...

Real Icons (and all Cursors) are actually special Bitmaps saved with two Pixel definitions: one for the image itself, with all "Transparent" Pixels set to Black, and a Monochrome Bitmap, called the Mask, with all "Transparent" Pixels set to White; the displayed Icon is built from these two superimposed Bitmaps:



Image + Mask = Icon [Desktop]

### "Screen Inverse"

If a given pixel is White in both the Image and the Mask, Windows 3.1 will interpret it as "Show whatever is under it in Inverse Colors"; this is very seldom used, and does not work in Win9x, but is available in BMPTOICO's Editor for backward compatibility.

### In BMPTOICO...

To see if your Opened Icon/Cursor (or the Selected Format if it has more than one) has Transparent Pixels, look at the Main Form's **Zoom Button**'s picture:  Yes

No.

You can also use the [Desktop Simulation](#) Function.

## FAQ: How can I use 256 Colors Icons?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

These Icons are really intended for 32-bit Windows... and 32-bit Win Apps.

### **256** Win

To Display these Icons in Windows itself (Explorer, etc.) , your Video Mode must be set to High or True Color, and you may need to tell Windows to use them (best way to know what it can do is to try it first...) .

If you have an early version of Win 95 (prior to OSR2, dated Aug. 1996), you need Microsoft's **Plus!** Pack (a commercial product) , or Microsoft's "Font Smoother" utility ([www.microsoft.com](http://www.microsoft.com)), or Activicons ([www.cursorarts.com](http://www.cursorarts.com)).

#### **If you need to tell Windows...**

- 1** Open the **Control Panel**
- 2** Click on the **Display** Icon.
- 3** Select a **Tab:** labeled "Plus" in Win 95, "Effects" in Win98/2000
- 4** Check the **Show icons using all possible colors** Box

### **256** Win

**Avoid them...** You can try to use them as Icons in the Program Manager: it will not crash, but the Icons will be Displayed in 16 Colors only.

If you write **16-bit Applications**, you should **NEVER** use such Icons as the Icon property of a Form. If you do this, Windows will give a GPF or freeze.

## **256** FAQ: What are Multi-Format Icons?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

Icon Resource files can contain more than one Icon Format. BMPTOICO can Open or Create them (see an [example](#)), if your Video Mode is up to it (if one Format has more colors than your Current Video Mode, they cannot be Opened).

### **Which Formats are used?**

In theory, any... In practice, only a few Formats are of real use. A set of three 256-Colors Icons is enough: **16 x 16, 32 x 32, 48 X 48 Pixels**. Windows will decrease their Colors if it needs to display the 16 Colors version. But if you want to really control how your Icons will look, you can include 16-Colors Formats as well.

### **Cursors too...?**

I have never seen a Multi-Format Cursor, so BMPTOICO does not support them. If you have some documentation proving otherwise, please send it to me and I will include the change in a future update.

### **Can I use them outside BMPTOICO?**

#### **256** Yes

see [How does 32-bit Windows use Multi-format Icons?](#)

#### **256** No

If you write 16-bit Applications, you MUST use One-Format only Icons, with 16 colors (Windows Standard) and measuring 32 x 32 Pixels. And your Cursors need to be Monochrome (if not, Windows will display them so).


## **FAQ: How does 32-bit Windows use Multi-format Icons?**

Back to: [FAQ](#)


Windows will use the Format that best corresponds to the System's Video Mode, by looking at the Color Depth / Size combination Formats present in the Icon:

### **Color Depth**



 Windows will use only the 16 Colors Formats; if there are none, it will Display the 256-Colors Icons with 16 Colors only.



 Windows will use the 256 OR True Color Formats if it can, but it will use only the 256 Colors Formats if both 256- and True Colors Formats are present.

### **Size**

- 16 x 16** Small Icon at the upper left of opened applications, for the Desktop Taskbar, and for the Explorer if you Select View > Small Icons.
- 32 x 32** Used otherwise.
- 48 x 48** Most Multi-Format Icons have this Format, but I have not found why yet...
- 64 x 64** Not used... yet; BMPTOICO allows it
- 72 x 72** ditto

### **See also:**

[How Can I use 256 Colors Icons?](#)

[How True Colors Icons used in "real life"?](#)

## FAQ: Are True Color Icons used in "Real Life"?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

### **256** Maybe...

Windows will not bark, but some Icon Editors will definitely crash.... As a rule, they are not recommended, as their Disk Files are very large. Plus, they cannot be used in Animated (.ANI) files.

### **Suggestion**

Create or Edit your Icon in True Colors, then Decrease its Color Depth to 256 just prior to Saving it. If you are Converting from a 24-bit Bitmap, BMPTOICO will set the "256 Colors" Option as the Default for the Conversion, and will use an optimized palette built from the Colors in the Image.

### **256** NEVER !

Guaranteed GPF or freeze.

## **FAQ: Can I use a Bitmap as an Icon?**

Back to: [FAQ](#)

32-bit Windows can use a Bitmap as an Icon if its Extension is changed to ".ICO". You can then use it in the Explorer as the Icon for a File Type, or for a Shortcut. Windows will even try to create **Fake Transparency** around it, but it will still be a Bitmap, not an Icon.

Windows' Paint Application can use these Bitmap Icons. In the Open module, Select "All Files" as "Files of type" to list them. It will save them with the .ICO extension if you add ".ico" to the File Name.

### **In BMPTOICO...**

- . They will be treated as Bitmaps internally (No Transparency, except in the Desktop Simulator). A note above the Filename in the Main Form will inform you of its status, and the Convert Button will be labeled **Convert > ICO**.
- . You can Save such a File with a .BMP extension if you wish (Check the **Save as a .BMP** Box in the Save Wizard; the Box is not visible if your system is 16-bit)
- . You can quickly Change the Extension from .BMP to .ICO in the File List's [PopUp Menu](#) (item not visible if your system is 16-bit).

## FAQ: What is Color Depth?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

Back when computer memory was expensive, programmers devised ways to store the Color information into as little memory (or Disk) space they could. In other words, in as few Bytes as possible.

### Knowing that...

- . 1 Bit can only be On or Off
- . a Byte is made up of 8 Bits
- . Hexadecimal to Binary conversion is easy for computers (one hex digit can define 4 bits)
- . A Color is defined by its R[ed], G[reen] and B[lue] levels, each one having a value from 0 to 255, therefore needing three Bytes

... you can understand how we went from Monochrome to True Color, and now more.

### In the beginning...

To save Bytes, Windows described each Pixel by referring to a Color Index in the Image's Palette (each color using four Bytes: RGB values, plus a "flag"), which was then saved in the File. The Maximum Number of Colors (or Color Depth) these Systems or Palettes could have was:

Bits used	Colors	Palette Indexes (Hexadecimal)
<b>1-bit</b>	2	0 to 1 (0 - 1)
<b>4-bit</b>	16	0 to 15 (0 - F)
<b>8-bit</b>	256	0 to 255 (00 - FF)

### Then...

Windows got rid of the Palette system... (but Images with less than High Colors are still very much used, especially for Icons and Cursors, which should never have more than 256 Colors):

Bits used	Colors	in Hexadecimal
<b>16-bit</b>	65,536 (64K)	0 - FFFF
<b>24-bit</b>	16,777,216 (16 millions)	0 - FFFFFFFF
<b>32-bit</b>	16,777,216 (16 millions)	0 - FFFFFFFF

**16-bit (High Color):** To fit into 16 bits (15 only are used, and not necessarily the first ones), the RGB values need to be squeezed into 5 bits, and converted from/to 8 bits by the Application. Since each Video Card manufacturer has its own way of doing this, there are Display problems... BMPTOICO tries its best, but does not always succeed...

**24-bit (True Color):** each Pixel in the Image can finally be described by its True RGB values (8 Bits x 3, or 3 Bytes).

**32-bit (True Color):** Since three bytes are enough for RGB, the fourth Byte is used to store a "Transparency" value. You need a 32-bit Display to see it (this is how some games can display "fog"). BMPTOICO does not use it... Be careful if you Open one of those gems, it will be Saved as a 24-bit Image and will lose that precious extra information.





## FAQ: Aren't "Video Mode" and "Color Depth" the Same Thing?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

Yes and No... and it can get confusing for Graphic beginners. And instead of "Color Depth", you might see "Color Resolution".

Color Depth means the **Maximum Number of Colors**, usually in an Image, but it also applies to Monitor Displays. For the computer, both values are different: if you Open a 16-Colors Image in a Video Mode set to True Color, the Image will still have 16 Colors. BUT if your Video Mode's Color Depth is Less than that of the Image, the Image will be Displayed at the Video Mode's Color Depth: for ex., a True Colors Bitmap will be displayed with 256 Colors only if that is your Video Mode setting.

To avoid confusion, in this Help File...

Term	Refers to	Example
<b>Video Mode</b>	<b>Monitor Display</b>	 256 Colors Video Mode
<b>Color Depth</b>	<b>Image Colors</b>	 256 Colors Image

### See also:

[What is Color Depth?](#)

[How Do I... Change my Video Mode?](#)

## FAQ: Any Image Palette Restrictions?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

Images that have a Color Depth of 2, 16 or 256 Colors have their Palette Definition (or **Image Palette**) embedded in their File as a List of RGB Color Definitions, but High and True Colors ones don't use Palettes at all: each pixel is defined by its RGB level values.

Monochrome Images have only two Colors.

256

BMPTOICO prefers the [VGA 16 Palette](#). 16-color Icons should always be created with this Palette only. If the Image has 16 colors, but they are not Windows' Standard, they might not show properly in the Image, and they will be dithered in the Editor's Small Palette.

256

256

Some restrictions apply to 256-Colors Images' Palettes when you [Edit Colors](#) in the Editor.

256

256-Colors Images can be Opened and Converted, but **not Edited**.

256

No Palette in the File, you can do what you want with the Colors! Provided your System is set to High or True Color, otherwise BMPTOICO will not even Open them.

### See also:

[What is Color Depth?](#)

[Are True Color Icons used in "real life"?](#)

[Why are the Colors in my 16-Colors Icon all Wrong?](#)

## FAQ: Any Windows Palette Restrictions?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

Windows itself works with Palette Definitions for Video Modes that are less than 16-bit High Color, and even this Mode has problems.

**256** Everything is reduced to the [VGA 16 Palette](#).

**256** Windows uses a 256-colors Palette, but can reset itself to the Palette of the Image that is "on top". BMPTOICO uses that feature: in order to set Windows' Palette to that of a 256-colors Image, it will quickly write/read a temporary file containing the Image's palette to your hard disk. This file, named \$\$\$PAL.DIB, will be deleted when you exit BMPTOICO.  
[No Editing](#) of Images that have 256 or more Colors.

**256** Windows can display up to 65536 colors (64K), but there are still some Display problems.

**256** The Graphics lover's (and programmer's) dream... Windows can display just any color (well,.. more than 16 millions). If you want to do the best work with 256-colors or more Images, and your system is up to it, set your Video mode to True Color while working in BMPTOICO.

### See also:

[What is Color Depth?](#)


[Aren't "Video Mode" and "Color Depth" the same thing?](#)

[Why does 16-bit Video Mode not Display Colors Correctly?](#)

256,

## 256 FAQ: Any Treat for my Special Color Scheme?

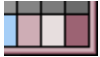
Back to: [FAQ](#)

So you prefer to work in Rose, Plum or Teal (as set in Windows' Display Properties  Appearance), and would like your Images to nicely fit in? BMPTOICO will automatically adjust itself to your preferences.

### New Image (256 Colors or more)

The three main Colors of your Scheme,

- . Button (and Form) Shade
- . Button Highlight Shade
- . Button Dark Shade

are automatically added at the end of the Default Big Palette: .

If our New Image is a Button, you can use your Scheme in the [Buttonizer](#).

### Existing Images, in the...

#### Buttonizer

You can set the Button's borders or bevels to your Scheme if you wish.

#### Editor

Your Color Scheme is Not added to any Palette, but you can easily Add its Colors to your list of Favorites:

[How do I... Keep a List of Favorite Colors?](#)

. Create a New Image in 256 or True Colors: the three Colors will be available at the end of the Big Palette (see above)

. Then, for each Color:

- 1 Select it as Active (Foreground if your New Image is an Icon)
- 2 Double-Click the Color Swatch to Edit it
- 3 It will be the "New Color" in the Color Editing Form: Don't Change it
- 4 Check the "My Favorites" Box in the "Add the New Color to..." frame
- 5 Click OK: the Color will always be available each time you Edit a Color.

## **FAQ: Why does 16-bit Video Mode not Display Colors Correctly?**

Back to: [FAQ](#)

### **Explanation**

Monitor Display Colors are created from a Color's Red, Blue and Green levels; since each level can have a value of 0 to 255, it needs one Byte, or 8 Bits, to be described properly. To fit the RGB level values into 16 bits, they need to be squeezed into 5 bits each, and converted from/to 8 bits by the Application. Since each Video Card manufacturer has its own way of doing this, there are Display problems.

### **In BMPTOICO...**

You will be mostly aware of the problem in the Editor: Some colors will not be displayed properly in the Editing Area. They will look as what the author intended, but the RGB values might be off by a few digits, so both [Show Color Use](#) and [Color Editing](#) (which checks if the Color you want to Edit is present in the Image) might skip them.

### **Solution**

Set your Video Mode to True Color (24- or 32-bit).

### **In Detail...**

#### **Images Opened from Disk Files**


BMPTOICO tries its best to adjust the Displayed Colors to those of the File's Color Definition (Image Palette if the Image has 256 Colors or less, Pixel Definitions for True Colors ones) if it detected that your Video Card does not display the [VGA 16 Colors](#) properly, but it does not always succeed.

#### **Other Images**

Real Display Problems happen in the Editor when BMPTOICO has to read the Color data directly from the Display instead of from a File:

- Icons Extracted from a File or a Library
- Screen Grab Bitmaps
- GIF, JPG/JPE or WMF Files
- Cropped Images that were Shrunk or Blown (including Thumbnails)
- 16-bit Bitmaps

#### **Show Palette in the Main Form**

(Images with 256 Colors or less: Click the [Palette Button](#), or Click File  Palette). The Colors will show OK, but the RBG values might be slightly wrong.

## **256** FAQ: Why can't I Edit my 256 Colors Image?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

BMPTOICO tries its best to adapt itself to the Opened Image's Palette when the Video Mode is SVGA (256 Colors), but it sometimes misses the mark... or cannot do certain things because of Windows' own [Palette Restrictions](#).

### **...the Colors are Wrong when I Open it**

Try Opening it again. If the problem persists, try Opening an Icon, then your Bitmap, or vice-versa, until you get it right.

If your Icon has more than one Format and they don't share the same Palette, the ones that are not Selected might look wrong. They will look OK when you Select them.

Even when the Colors are right, they might get wrong when Windows's focus is on another Form within BMPTOICO, or on another Application: Colors should be back to normal when you return to BMPTOICO's Main Form.

### **... I cannot Edit or Buttonize it**

Because of Windows' own way of dealing with 256 Colors Palette, it Dithers all the Colors to its [VGA16](#) Palette for most of the Painting Tools, and the result would be very far from what you want! For this reason, Editing is not possible, neither is Buttonizing or Creating a New 256 Colors Image.

### **In fact, I don't seem to be able to do much...**

If you read this Help file, you will notice that many of BMPTOICO's features are only available if your Video Mode is set to High or True Colors: this includes the Special Effects other than the Buttonizer, the Choice of Palettes when you Decrease Color Depth, the View All Limitations, etc.. Enough to tempt you into upgrading your system?

## FAQ: Why can I "View" an Image, but not Open it? Or vice-versa?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

To be able to work faster while Loading the Images, BMPTOICO uses Windows' LoadPicture Statement, which has big limitations (and still has them in 32-bit Visual Basic...).

This affects both the [View All Module](#) and the "View" item of the [File Lists PopUp Menu](#).

But when you Open an Image into BMPTOICO's Main Form, it uses the File Data to recreate the Image for Display. This takes a little bit longer, but allows it to use many more types of Images on more Video Modes, with their proper Colors.

### Display Limitations

#### View All Module

**Icons and Cursors:** All are Displayed in a 32x32 Template (or Actual Size if smaller), and their Colors will be wrong if they need to be squeezed to a 32 x 32 display; they will be OK when you Open them.


**Bitmaps and Metafiles:** All are displayed Actual Size if they measure 72 x 72 pixels or less; if bigger, they are Shrunk (reduced) to Fit within 72 x 72 pixels.


#### "View" PopUp Menu item

**Icons and Cursors:** All are Displayed in a 32x32 Template. Same colors problem as above.

**Bitmaps and Metafiles:** are shown in Actual Size.

### Video Mode Limitations

 Those of your System...

 All Icons and Cursors are shown with the [VGA 16 Colors](#). If they have 256 or True Colors, Windows might use four more solid colors in the View Module. Don't worry, BMPTOICO will Open them with a Full 256 Colors Palette. Bitmaps are OK.

### Image Formats Limitations

**Bad Images** are represented by a big **X** Icon, as they cannot be Opened. The "View" item is Disabled in the Main Form's PopUp menu.

**Web Files** can be Opened, but not Viewed (the "View" item is Disabled in the Main Form's PopUp menu if you Right-Click a Web File Name). If the Current Folder contains only files of these types, the View button (and the equivalent Global Menu item) is Disabled.

**Big Bitmaps** (over 500 pixels in Width or Height) are represented by a special **Big!** Icon in the View All module, but will be displayed correctly (as a Thumbnail) when you Select them; this conserves memory on older systems, and makes the module work faster. The Main Form's PopUp "View" menu item shows them Full Size.

**Metafiles (.WMF)** If your Video Mode is set to 16 or 256 Colors, they can be Opened only if they contain a Bitmap with 2 or 16 Colors (otherwise the Colors would be wrong). Even if your Video Mode is OK, they may show with the wrong colors, and even not show at all, but they will be OK when you Open them.


**16- and 32-bit Icons** can be Viewed, but not Opened, as I am not sure if they are really legitimate.

## **FAQ: Why is BMPTOICO slow, especially while Opening Icons?**

Back to: [FAQ](#)

To be able to display Icons properly, BMPTOICO uses the File Data itself, rather than just Load the Icon. Bitmaps are Loaded normally, and the speed at which they are loaded depends on their size. If your computer is not too fast, be patient...

 Images in

 Video Mode... It can get even slower, because BMPTOICO has to tell Windows to use the Opened Image's Palette as the System Palette. It does this by Saving a tiny (1x1 pixel) Bitmap containing the Palette, then ReLoading it immediately. This File, called \$\$\$PAL.DIB, is deleted when you exit BMPTOICO.

The intensive use of Windows Graphic Functions in the Editor can also tax older systems: just be patient, especially if you run Windows on a notebook.



## FAQ: Why does the Bitmap I Grabbed from Screen have the Wrong Colors?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

### Explanation

Windows can use only one 256-Color Palette at a time, and it sets it to that of the Picture that is seen as being "On Top".

### Solution


- 1 Make your Image TopMost in Windows  
Select the Image in the Application that contains it. Some, like PaintShop Pro, are very good at maintaining the topmost picture, others are not.
- 2 Return to BMPTOICO
- 3 Now Click the Grab button.


## FAQ: Why are the Colors in my 16-Colors Icon all Wrong?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

### Explanation

This can happen if your Icon's Colors are not all [VGA 16](#), and your Video Mode is set to...

 Windows will transform all Colors to its own Standard Palette in both the Image and the Editor's Small Palette.

 Windows will Dither the Colors in the Editor's Small Palette, but the Image will be OK. If you wish to use one of the Image's Colors, use the Pick Tool to get it.

### Solution

Set your Video Mode to High or True Color if you can.

## FAQ: Can I Open Web Files in BMPTOICO?

Back to: [FAQ](#)

### Yes!

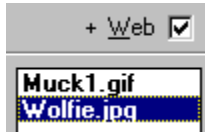
BMPTOICO can Open **GIF** and **JPG** Files. It needs the VBJPEG.DLL and FILE.DLL Files in its directory or in your Windows\System Directory (both files are included in the BMPTOICO Zip File).

### But...

They will be treated as Bitmaps internally, and can only be Saved as BMPs (you will need another application to Convert them back to Web Files: see below).

JPEGs can only be Opened if they were Saved with the "Baseline" process, which excludes Progressive and other types of JPEGs (this is a limitation of the VBJPEG.DLL file, not mine). Click "Info" in the Right-Click PopUp menu to find out if the file is "Baseline" or not.

### To List them



The "+ Web" CheckBox is Enabled if a Folder contains GIF and/or JPG/JPE files. Check it to also List Web Files in the Bitmap List.

### Open them...

... as you would any other File: BMPTOICO will send them automatically to its [Special Loading Module](#). You may encounter a very, very rare GPF when you use that module to Open JPEG Files, there is nothing I can do about it... it is a bug in the DLL file, and I am not its author... Most Errors will be caught by the Special Loading Module.

### To Convert back to Web files

These applications are both Freeware!

#### . Image Converter

Opens BMP, GIF, JPG, WMF, ICO, Converts to BMP, GIF, JPG  
Available from: [www.homeplansoftware.com](http://www.homeplansoftware.com).

#### . BMPtoGIF

Converts only to 256 colors GIFs, but the Pro version can do much more, including editing.  
Available from: [www.develcor.com/utilities/bmptogif.htm](http://www.develcor.com/utilities/bmptogif.htm)

## **FAQ: Can I work with Other Graphic Files in BMPTOICO?**

Back to: [FAQ](#)

If you wish to use Graphic Files that are in a Format other than BMP/WMF/GIF/JPG, you must first Convert them to the one of these formats with another application, like...

- . **PaintShop Pro** (JASC Software)  
Supports everything, except... ICO.  
Available... all over the Internet!

## **FAQ: How can BMPTOICO use Long Filenames?**

Back to: [FAQ](#)

Even if BMPTOICO is a 16-bit Application, it can use 32-bit Long Filenames thanks to the tiny **CALL32.DLL** file installed with it. It is a Freeware File I found on CompuServe, together with the SAMPLE32.BAS File which contains all the coded needed.

If you are interested in using it, [Contact me](#), and I will be happy to share it.

## **FAQ: Is BMPTOICO "Y2K" compliant**

Back to: [FAQ](#)

### **Yes!**

The only Routine that uses Dates is for the Trial period for Non-Registered Users. It has been fully tested for 2000, including February 29.

## How do I...?

- [258](#) [Change my Video Mode?](#)
- [258](#) [Make an Icon from a big Bitmap?](#)
- [258](#) [Make a Button?](#)
- [258](#) [Merge two \(or more\) Icons in one .ICO File?](#)
- [258](#) [Associate a File Extension with BMPTOICO?](#)

### [Editor]

- [258](#) [Add Text to my Image?](#)
- [258](#) [Compare the Image I am Editing with other Images?](#)
- [258](#) [Keep a List of my Favorite Colors?](#)

### [About BMPTOICO]

- [258](#) [Register?](#)
- [258](#) [Report Bugs?](#)
- [258](#) [Uninstall it?](#)
- [258](#) [Learn about MyCat Software?](#)

**See also:** [Frequently Asked Questions](#)

## How do I... Change my Video Mode?

Back to: [How Do I...?](#)

### Windows

You must first Exit BMPTOICO before Changing your Video Mode, as it will not work properly after the Change (it reads your System's Color Depth only once, when it starts).

If you have told Windows to "Show settings on Icon TaskBar", Right-Click the Display Settings Icon and Select a new Video Mode.

Otherwise...

- 1 Click the **Start** Button
- 2 Select **Settings**
- 3 Select **Control Panel**
- 4 Click the **Display** Icon
- 5 Click the **Settings** Tab, then the Properties you want
- 6 You probably don't need to restart Windows, unless told so.

### Windows

- 1 **Exit** BMPTOICO
- 2 Select the **Program Manager**
- 3 Select the **Main** Group
- 4 Click the **Windows Setup** Icon
- 5 Select **Options**, then **Change System Settings**
- 6 Select **Display**, then the Video Mode you want
- 7 You will need to restart Windows...



## How do I... Make an Icon from a Big Bitmap?

Back to: [How Do I...?](#)

No problem... BMPTOICO includes a very intuitive Crop Function, which also allows you to use a Thumbnail View of the Bitmap .

If you Open a Bitmap that measures more than 72 x 72 Pixels, it will automatically send it to the [CROP Module](#), where you can easily define a smaller region that will become your Image for BMPTOICO. If the Region you need does not fit exactly in the Size you need, you can Resize the Cursor to Shrink or Blow the Region under it.

### **Nice, but... I want to Crop a Rectangle Image...**

BMPTOICO being mostly intended to design Icons, you can only Crop square Images. If you need a rectangle Image, for ex. for a Button, Crop it to the largest Size you need then, back in BMPTOICO's Main Form, use the [Resize Wizard](#) to Crop an even smaller Image (Select the "No" Option for "Fit to Size"), and this time you are allowed Rectangles...

## How do I... Make a Button?

Back to: [How Do I...?](#)

If you are still writing 16-bit Applications, your Programming Application might not let you add pictures to Windows' Buttons. One way to get around this is to use PictureBoxes as Fake Buttons.

BMPTOICO lets you easily Create New Bitmap Buttons (**New Image Wizard**) or Transform existing Bitmaps into Buttons (**Special Effects Menu**). In both cases, it opens its easy to use [Buttonizer Module](#).

For each Button, you need an Up and a Down version plus, if your Button needs to be Disabled, a Disable version. These pictures should not be Visible in your app, as they are only needed to store the buttons until they are used. For the user to see your Button, you need another Picture (or Image), that will be Visible.

If you don't have too many buttons in your app, you can store them into individual Image Controls and use the LoadPicture Statement (or its equivalent in other programming languages) to copy them to your Visible Button picture. If you have a lot of Buttons, you might prefer to use a big PictureBox for all your Buttons, and use the Windows' BitBlt API function to copy the button you need to the Visible Button.

## How do I... Merge two (or more) Icons in one .ICO File?

Back to: [How Do I...?](#)



Perhaps, a long time ago, before you really understood [Multi-Format Icons](#), you have designed two separate Icons for your application: one is 16 x 16 Pixels, the other 32 x 32. But... they are in two .ICO files, and your programming application will let you use only one (Form.Icon Property). Now you want to put the two Icon Formats into one file.

BMPTOICO does not have a Function for that, but here is a workaround that takes longer to explain than to actually do:

### In the Main Form:

- 1 Open the first Icon, note its Dimensions, Color Depth, and the "Transparent" Color in BMPTOICO (Default is Grey).
- 2 Copy it to the ClipBoard (Top Button or File Menu)
- 3 Immediately Open the second Icon
- 4 Click the Add a Format Button (Top Button or File Menu)
- 5 In the New Format Wizard, set the Color and Size Option to that of the Clipped Icon, and make sure that the "Use Current Image" Box is NOT Checked (you need a blank template)
- 6 Click OK: the Editor will Open

### In the Editor:

- 1 Select a Paint Tool
- 2 Select the Transparent Colors Option  
Make sure that the Left Button Transparent Color is the same as the Color you want to be Transparent in the Merged Icon (Default is Grey), because the Icon in the Clipboard is not an Icon anymore, but a Bitmap, and its Transparency has to be redone by the Pasting functions
- 3 Select the Move Tool
- 4 Click the Paste Transparent Button (the one on the right)
- 5 Click the  Button, or Edit  Commit Selection
- 6 Do any needed Editing
- 7 Save the Icon, making sure the "All Formats" Option is Selected. Or Click the Done Button, and Save the Image back in the Main Form.

## How do I... Associate a File Extension with BMPTOICO?

Back to: [How Do I...?](#)

When you Associate an Extension with an Application, Windows will use the association to let you Open that application with the file already Opened when you Click on the File's Name or Icon. Association with BMPTOICO is done in Windows, not BMPTOICO.

NOTE: It is not recommended to associate BMPs or WMFs with BMPTOICO, as there are applications better suited for working with them. But don't hesitate to associate .ICO or .CUR files with it!

### How to do it...

- 256** Done in Windows **Explorer**:
- . Double-Click on an .ICO file: Windows will open its "Open With..." form; Follow its instructions.
  - . or, Click View **256** Options
- 256** File Types Tab. If "ICO File" is already listed: Click the "Edit..." button; otherwise, Click the "New Type..." button and follow the instructions.
- . Help is available in Windows Help, the Topic is "associating, file types with programs".
  - . in the Explorer, the Image's icon will now be BMPTOICO's icon.

- 256** Done in Windows **File Manager**:
- . Highlight the filename, then Click File **256** Associate (if you double-click the filename, Windows will tell you the same thing). Click the "Browse" button to find the file BMPTOICO.EXE on your hard drive, then Click "OK".
  - . Help is available in Windows Help **256** Search for Help on..., the Topic is "associating files".
  - . in the File Manger, the Image's icon will now be the generic "document-type" icon.

### And now what...

- Once a file format is associated with BMPTOICO, you can open the file in many ways:
- . Double-Click on the filename in Windows Explorer or File Manager.
  - . Drag-and-drop the filename onto the executable filename BMPTOICO.EXE
  - . **256** Drag-and-Drop the filename onto a Shortcut to BMPTOICO.EXE

### But...

You cannot Drag-and-Drop onto BMPTOICO while it is running...

## How do I... Add Text to My Image?

Back to: [How Do I...?](#)

You need to use the [Text Tool](#) in the Editor.


BMPTOICO's Text Function is unlike any other. Instead of selecting a Color, then Enter the Text and its attributes in a separate form, then Click OK to find out that the Text's Size or Color is wrong, in BMPTOICO you can see the results immediately and change them easily.

## How do I... Compare the Image I am Editing with Other Images?

Back to: [How\\_Do\\_I...?](#)

BMPTOICO will let you Edit only one Image (and one Icon Format) at a time, but you might want to compare what you are doing with another Image, or with other Formats in the same Icon File.

### Compare with the Other Formats in an Icon

In the Editor, Click Image  Zoom on other Formats; this item is Visible only if your Icon has more than one Format.





In the "ZOOM on Other Formats" Form, Select the Format you want to see in detail from the list at the right. Click the **Magnifier +/-** Button (at upper right of the big picture) to Zoom In or Out, Check the **Keep on Top** Box to keep this Form over the Editor.

### Compare with Another Image

Because of Windows Palette Restrictions, this feature is only available if your Video Mode is set High Colors or more. Otherwise, more often than not, the Palette of the Image you are using for Comparison will not be the same, and its Colors will all be wrong.

#### Use the ClipBoard

- 1 Open the Image you need for Comparison. If it is small enough, you can do it in BMPTOICO; otherwise, you can use any Graphic Application
- 2 Copy it to the ClipBoard
- 3 In the Main Form, Click Global  Show ClipBoard to Compare  
In the Editor, Click Image  Show ClipBoard to Compare

#### Or, in BMPTOICO's Main form (BMPs and WMFs only):

- 1 In the Main Form, Right-Click the Filename of the Image you need for Comparison
- 2 Right-Click the Filename
- 3 Select "Show to Compare" in the Pop Up Menu



In both cases, the COMPARISON Form will Display the Image: it will remain Opened until you Close it, or until you Exit from BMPTOICO. You can Enlarge it up to four times, and Check a Box to "Keep it on Top". If you wish to Show another Image for Comparison, you don't need to Close the Form: it will be updated with the new Image. If you are Showing the ClipBoard Contents, you can reuse the ClipBoard at this point.

## How do I... Keep a List of my Favorite Colors?

Back to: [How Do I...?](#)

Some Colors are so lovely that you want to use them over and over again... BMPTOICO can keep a list of up to 16 "Favorites" in its INI file, and make them available each time you run it.

Since the only time you might need them is when you Edit a Color in the Editor, this is where you Manage them. The "Favorites" Palette is part of the [Color Editing](#) Form.

### Add a Color to the List

- 1 **Edit any Color**: the COLOR EDITING Form will Open.
- 2 Use the Scrolls or the Palettes to get the Color you want
- 3 Make sure the **[Add New Color to...] My Favorites** Box is Checked
- 4 Click **OK** (or Cancel).

### Delete Colors from the List

- 1 Click the **Clean** Button under the Favorites Palette
- 2 A little Form will Open, with a List of your current Favorites.
- 3 **Un-Check** the ones you don't need anymore
- 4 Click **OK** (or Cancel)

## How do I... Report Bugs?


Back to: [How Do I...?](#)



### Contact Information

BMPTOICO is now a big application... even if extreme care has been taken to Debug it, the odd bug might still be present. If you find one, please report it to the author as soon as possible, explaining exactly what you were doing when it happened.

Being a graphics application, BMPTOICO needs all the Windows resources it can use, especially on systems with only 8 megs of memory, and /or systems that are on notebooks, and/or for Windows versions that are run from within another Operating System, for ex. Win-OS/2.

BMPTOICO polls your resources at many strategic points, and will not let you access certain functions if your resources are too low. But it cannot poll them all the time (otherwise performance would suffer) and Windows can still be crashed, but this is a very rare occurrence (it never happened to me in over one year of testing). If you are concerned, you can always Click Help  Resources Check in the Main form (or in the Editor) to get the current state of your system.

You can also write to the author for other reasons... like compliments? Over the years, I have built a few lasting friendships this way.



## How do I... Uninstall BMPTOICO?

Back to: [How Do I...?](#)

BMPTOICO being a 16-bit Application, you don't need to worry about Windows' Registry...

If UNINSTAL.EXE is still in your BMPTOICO Folder, you can run it, or you can Delete all the Files you don't need anymore in your BMPTOICO Folder by hand.

If you have moved or copied the VBX and/or DLL Files Files to your Windows\System Folder, you should know if you need them for other Applications, and decide if you want to delete them or not:  
UNINSTAL will NOT touch them there, don't worry!

### DLLs

- . CALL32.DLL (allows 32-bit Windows Functions to be used in 16-bit apps)
- . FILE.DLL (Opens BMP, GIF, and many other formats into VB apps; BMPTOICO currently only uses it to Open True Color BMPs on 256-Color Displays, and all GIFs).
- . VBJPEG.DLL (Opens JPEG files into Visual Basic apps)
  
- . **VBRUN300.DLL** (Visual Basic 3.0 Runtime Library) should NEVER be deleted once you have it, and should be kept in your Windows\System Folder. Many applications still rely on it.

### VBXs

- . BMPLST2.VBX (ListBox with Bitmaps)
  - . PICBTN1.VBX (Picture Button)
- [Both Custom Controls are from Mabry Software]



## How To Register

### BMPTOICO 4.0

MyCat Software

© 1995-2000, Lucie Dorais

#### Trial Version Limitations

BMPTOICO's Trial version is not crippled in any way, except for the nagging screen upon opening and closing it.

BMPTOICO will stop running after the 30 days trial period is over, but will still show the nagging screen, so you can enter the registration number if you got one.

#### Price


Only \$25 US



Price is \$25 Cdn IF you live in Canada and Register via Snail-mail

#### Three Easy Ways to Register:

##### 1 Via REG.NET, the Registration Network

- **From BMPTOICO** itself: Click Help  About, then Click the "Register Online" Link, or Click the **REGISTER ONLINE Now** Button in the Nagging Form.
- MyCat's Web site: [www.mycatsoft.com](http://www.mycatsoft.com)  
Click the RegNet's "Register NOW" button on the Index page; in the Registration page, Select the BMPTOICO link. You can also follow the "Register Online" Link for BMPTOICO.
- Reg.Net's Web site: [www.reg.net](http://www.reg.net)  
The BMPTOICO 4.0 page is: <http://www.reg.net/product.asp?ID=6206>
- **By phone:** Call Reg.Net at 1 800 WWW2REG (1 800 999-2734) or (805) 288-1827. The Reg.Net ID for BMPTOICO is # 6206.

Credit Cards accepted:     

##### 2 At the Soft Shop

If you prefer to use SWREG's successor (GO SWREG in CompuServe), you can also do it:

- [www.swreg.org](http://www.swreg.org)  
The BMPTOICO 4.0 ID code is: 171bmpico4. or Search for "BMPTOICO"

##### 3 Via Snail-mail

(see [Contact](#)). Please make all cheques, money orders or bank drafts payable to Lucie Dorais, NOT to MyCat Software. You can use the ORDER.TXT file included in the Zip file (this can be printed automatically from the Nagging Form).

#### Upon Registration

You will receive a unique Registration code, which can be entered in the Nagging Form (Click the **ENTER your Registration Code** Button).

#### MyCat Software

BMPTOICO is not the only app I have written... see this [List!](#)

#### Special Thanks to...


- Jim Deutsch, of the Visual Basic Programmer's Journal, for his Output to BMP routines.
- Michael Coker, in England, for continued support and friendship since version 2.0.
- John Gaskill, from California, for last-minute testing
- Other Beta-testers:


Version 4.0: Rick Raubenheimer in South Africa, Robin Barber in England, and Steffen Pietsch in Germany.  
Versions 2.0 and 3.0: Joe Dacy II in Texas  
· Masayuki Koba and Dara T. Khani for creating Neko, My (virtual) Cat.

## **Contact Information**

### **Web site**

**[www.mycatsoft.com](http://www.mycatsoft.com)**

: You can Highlight the web site above, Copy it to the ClipBoard, then Paste it into your Browser's URL textbox

: You need to Write it down... Copy in WinHelp will Copy the whole page!

### **E-mail**

**[ldorais@mycatsoft.com](mailto:ldorais@mycatsoft.com)** or **[ldorais@cyberus.ca](mailto:ldorais@cyberus.ca)**

[first char. is a lower case "L"]

There are Direct Links in BMPTOICO's About Form (menu Help > About) and on my Web site.

**CompuServe** (slower reply time, and I might eventually cancel my subcription)

CIS ID: 76440,623 [comma between the two numbers]

from outside CIS: 76440.623@compuserve.com [period between the two numbers]

### **Snail-mail**

**Lucie Dorais**  
**603 - 222 Guigues**  
**Ottawa, Ont.**  
**K1N 5J2**  
**Canada**

## **MyCat Software**

MyCat Software specializes in Utilities for Icon Lovers that also enjoy a good game once in a while. All programs are available on [MyCat's Web site](#), as well as on CompuServe and other Internet Shareware sources. All require VBRUN300.DLL and have a low cost; some are even freeware.

### **CHAINLINK**

A very challenging Solitaire game. Move all cards to the Top by building Chains of cards of the same Suit. Use the mouse or the keyboard. Big card design option, Collection of winnable games! Search CHAINLNK.ZIP (\$15 US)

### **ICOS256**

A trimmed-down version of BMPTOICO ver. 3.0, which only opens Icons (no conversion, editor, etc). Can also extract 32x32 icons from EXE/Libray files. Freeware. Search ICOS256.ZIP

### **ICOEDIT**

An older style Icon and Bitmap Editor, which can only use 16 colors. BMPTOICO 4.0's Editor incorporates all its features (and more!). Ver. 1.5 uses Long Filenames if your system is 32-bit. Search ICOEDIT.ZIP (\$20 US)

### **HTML COLORS**

Designed to help Web authors quickly select background, text and link colors, or edit the HR line. Includes 600 predefined colors to chose from, and you can add more! Background patterns can also be loaded. Test your choices immediatly in a Web look-alike page (Netscape 2.0...), hen copy the tags to the Clipboard (or keep them in a tag list for future use). Search HTMCOLOR.ZIP (\$15 US)

### **PALEDIT**

A Windows Paint (or PaintBrush) palette editor, with many additional features. Load and Save palettes. Use Hue, Saturation, Luminosity as well as RGB. See the detail of a dithered color. View the colors in 16 or 256 color mode. Mix two colors to create a new one. Insert a Clip from a drawing program picture to try to match a color. Edit Color or Black and White palettes. Build palettes from PAL files other than PaintBrush. Search PALEDIT.ZIP (\$15 US)



But'n



Style

**Outlined,  
Filled**

To Paint, Use Button...

**Left:** Paint with Left Foreground Color

**Right:** Paint with Right Foreground Color,  
or Transparent Color (Icons in Alt. Option)




**2 Colors**  
(Foreground  
Colors only)

**Left:** Border will be Left Foregr. Color,  
Filling will be Right Foreground Color

**Right:** Border will be Right Foregr. Color,  
Filling will be Left Foreground Color

## **Fake Transparency**

 For Icon Files that are really Bitmaps with an .ICO extension, Windows' Desktop and Explorer will Set Transparency to the Color of the Upper Left Pixel.



## **Transparency**

Icons and Cursors only.

Transparent Pixels let anything  
under them to show through.

**No Edit possible**

If your Video Mode is set to 16 or 256 Colors, and your Image has more than 16 Colors, Windows Dithers any Color that is not part of its 16-Colors Standard Palette, so the Paint Tools don't work properly.

**Icon Format**

Icon Resource files can contain more than one Icon, called an Icon Format. Only 32-bit Windows can use them.

**Web Files**

GIF and JPG Files can be Opened.  
Check the "+ Web" Box to List them.

[New Image Wizard](#)

[Resize](#)

[Color Depth Menu](#)

[Special Effects Menu](#)

[Add a Format](#)

[Delete a Format](#)

**View Area**

The Image being Cropped.  
Use the Scrolls, or Click the  
Thumbnail to change the  
portion under View.

**Cropped Image**

This is the resulting Image  
of the Cropped area.

**Move buttons**

Click to move the Cursor around: the  
Cropped Image is immediately updated.



**Step Scroll**

Change the number of pixels  
by which the Cursor moves.

**Zoom Button**

See a Blowup of the Cropped Image.

**View Menu**

**Full, Zoom:** Same as the Buttons.

**Help Menu**

Opens the "Crop BMPs" Topic.

### **Resize Cursor Function**

Shrink or Blow the area under the Cursor so that it better fits the Selected Crop Size. Click the Arrow Buttons to Resize, and the "=" Button to Reset the Cursor to Crop Size. The Scroll Changes the number of pixels by which the Cursor resizes.

**Cursor Border CheckBox**

The Cursor is normally the Inverted  
Color of each Pixel.  
Check this Box to make it all Black.

**Done button**

Sends the Cropped Image  
to BMPTOICO's main Form.

**Crop Size**

Select the Size of the Cropped  
Image from the List.

**Cursor**

What is under the Cursor will be part of the Cropped Image.



**View Scrolls**

Visible if the Bitmap being Cropped is larger than the View area; use them to see more it.

**Thumbnail View**

If the Bitmap being Cropped is larger than the View Windows, Click this Image anywhere to Reset the View.

**Thumbnail Button**

Click to immediately Open the  
Thumbnail in BMPTOICO.

**Full View**

See the Complete Bitmap.  
Disabled if the Bitmap fits  
into the View Window.

**Opened Image**

Image Currently in Memory.

If the Icon or Cursor has more than one

Format, this is the Selected one.

**Edit Button**

Opens the Editor.

Disabled if the Image cannot be Edited.

**Convert Button**

Convert BMPs to ICOs, or vice-versa,  
with the [Conversion Wizard](#).

**Save as... Button**


Opens the Save Wizard.



### Zoom Button

See a Blowup of the Opened Image.

The button's picture says if the Image has

Transparent pixels , or not

.

**Palette Button**

Shows All the Colors in the Image's Palette,  
if the Image has one (256 Colors or less).

**Resize Button**

Opens the [Resize Wizard](#).

**Clipboard Button**

Copies the Image in memory  
to the Clipboard.

**Unload Button**

Unloads the Opened Image  
from Memory.

**View All Button**

View All Files in the Currently Selected Folder in the [View All module](#).

**Icon Extractor Button**

Extract Icons from Executable files or  
Libraries with the Icon Extractor module.

**Grab Screen Button**

Takes a Full Screen Capture.



**New Image Button**

Opens the [New Image Wizard](#).

**DeskTop Simulation Button (Toggle)**

Check your Icons or Cursors on a Simulated Desktop. Disabled if the Image is a Bitmap.

**Exit Button**  
Exits BMPTOICO.

### **Desktop Simulator**

Check how your Icons or Cursors  
will look on Windows' Desktop.  
Not Visible if the Image is a Bitmap.

### Icon Formats List

See All Formats in your Icon. Click on the **Format** you wish to work on. Not Visible if the Image is a Bitmap.

**Add Format Button**

Add a Format to your Icon.

Not Visible if the Image is a Bitmap.

**Delete Format Button**

Delete the Selected Format  
from your Icon.

Not Visible if the Image is a Bitmap.

**Drive and Folder Lists**

Currently Selected Drive and Folder.  
Use them (Double-Click) to Navigate  
your Drives.



**Icon File List**

Shows all **.ICO** and **.CUR** files  
in the Currently Selected Folder

**Bitmap File List**

Shows all **.BMP** and **.WMF** (or **JPEG**)  
Files in the Currently Selected Folder.

**Open Path Display**

The Full Path Name of the currently Selected Folder.  
If the Open Path is Read-Only, the Full Save Path  
is displayed under it (see [Navigation](#)).

**Web CheckBox**

Enabled if there are Web files in the Current Folder: Check it to List them in the right List.  
Can I Open Web Files in BMPTOICO?

**Video Mode Info**

Your Current Video Mode.

**Tool Tips**

Useful Tips in the Main Form, the Editor,  
the View All Module and the Icon Extractor.

## Top Menu

**File**: most items need an Opened Image

**Global**: items available any time

**Color Depth**: Change Number of Colors in Image

**Special Effects**: Change Aspect of Image

**Help**: Available any time (or Press **[F1]**)

**Help Button**

Opens this Help File at the Contents page.



**Don't Synchronize Image and Folder**

Click this Toggle Button to Change the Current Folder (and Save Path) without Unloading the Image from memory.

Default is: Synchronized, reset each time you Open/Create an Image.

**Resized Image**

Updated each time you change something.

**Available Size Options**

Offered for all Images. The Current Size of the Image (in BMPTOICO's Main Form) is Disabled.

**Custom Size Scroll**

Enabled only for Bitmaps.

Range: 16 x 16 to 72 x 72.

If the "Keep Aspect Ratio" Box is Un-Checked, you get two Scrolls. Width and Height.

**Aspect Ratio CheckBox**

Enabled only for Bitmaps of Custom Size.  
Check to maintain the Width vs Height  
Ratio, Un-Check to set them independently.

**Yes, Fit to Size**

Select this Option if you want  
your Image to Fit to the New Size.

**Don't Fit to Size**

Select this Option if you don't want your Image to Fit to the New Size.

**Center CheckBox**

Enabled only if the New Size is **Bigger** than the Current Size, and **No Fit** is Selected.



### Crop Scrolls

Visible only if the New Size is **Smaller** than the Current Size, and **No Fit** is Selected.

**Zoom Button**

See a Blowup of the Resized Image.

**Reset Button**

Resets the Image to its  
Current Size in the Main Form.

**Custom Size**

Enabled only for Bitmaps.  
Range: 16 x 16 to 72 x 72.

**New Format Image**

Reflects the Size, but not necessarily the Colors (for ex. if they are less than those of the Current Format).

**Color Options**

The Options which are not available for a given Size (they are already present for this Color) are Disabled.

**Size Options**

The Options which are not available for a given Color Depth (they are already present for this Size) are Disabled.

**Formats Button**

See a quick List of the Formats  
already present in the Icon.



**Use Current Image CheckBox**

Check to keep the Current Image for the New Format (Default), Un-Check to get a Blank Image.

**OK Button**

Sends the New Format  
Image to the Editor.

## Images

Click an Image to Select it.

**File PopUp Menu**

Opens when you Right-Click an Image;  
same as File Menu on top.

**View Options**

Select to View All ICO/CUR Files,  
or View All BMP/WMF Files.

**Scan Buttons**

Use them to Navigate. Enabled  
if there are more than 20 ICOs  
or 15 BMPs in the Folder.

**Position Info**

Virtual Image Numbers for the Current  
Page, and Current Image Number.

**Top Menu**

**File:** same as the PopUp Menu

**Help:** Opens this file at the View All page



**Open Button**

Click to Open an Image into BMPTOICO.  
Disabled if the Image cannot be Opened.

**Search Button**

Click to quickly Find an Image  
by Number or Name.

**All Icons Extracted from the File**

Click an Icon to Select it.

**Icon PopUp menu**

Opens when you Right-Click an Icon;  
same as Icon Menu on top.

### **Top Menu**

**Icon:** same as the PopUp menu.

**File Types...:** select only those you want.

**Help:** opens this file at the Extractor page.

**Icon Name**

The Name of the Selected Icon  
if the Icon Library File uses them.  
If not, BMPTOICO makes one up.

**Scan Buttons**

Use them to Navigate. Enabled if there are more than 27 Icons in the File.

**Position Info**

Image Numbers for the Current  
Page, and Current Image Number.



**Note from BMPTOICO**

Text depends on Selected File  
and your Current Video Mode.

**Drive and Folder Lists**

Currently Selected Drive and Folder in the Icon Extractor module. Use them (Double-Click) to Navigate your drives.

### **File Lists**

Default extensions available:

(Left): **.EXE, .CPL, .DRV,**  
**.SCR, .VBX, .OCX**

(Right): **.DLL, .ICL, .NIL**

**Open Button**

Click to Open an Icon into BMPTOICO.  
Disabled if the Icon cannot be Opened.

**Search Button**

Click to quickly Find an Icon  
by Number or Name (if the File  
contains Icon names).

**Show only Files with Icons**

Check this Box to List only the Files  
that have Icons (Win 3.x Icons only).

## Button Styles

Select a Style for your Button.

**Button Actual View**

Automatically Updated  
when you change something.



**Resize CheckBox**

Check to make your Image fit within the Button Borders if its Margins are not wide enough.

**Button States**

Up (Normal)  
Down (Depressed)  
Disabled

## **Zoom Button**

See a BlowUp of your Button.

### **BEVELLED Style Options**

You can Change the Bevels' Size  
and, in certain cases, their Colors.

**Cursor in Main Form**

This Cursor has 16 Colors.

## Dummy Control

Click it to Test the Cursor.

**Cursor in Test Form**

The Cursor has been Decreased  
to 2 Colors for Testing only.

**Editing Area**

Where you do the Editing. The Size of Individual Pixels depends on the Size of the Image. The Transparent Pixels are indicated by Dots (can be turned On/Off in the Options Menu).



**Image, Actual Size**

The Image being Edited. Updated as soon as you Change something.

**Undo To... State**

State of the Image when you last  
Changed Tool.

Double-Click it to revert to that State.

**Move Tool** [CTRL+M]

Allows you to Move/Copy a Selection,  
and Enables the Move Functions  
Nudge, Flip, Rotate, Cut, Copy, Paste

**Magnifier Tool**

Zoom In on the Image for easier Editing.

**Small Palette**

If the Image has 2 or 16 Colors: contains  
all Colors in the Image's Palette.

If it has more, contains the first 16 Colors  
in a Palette.

**Foreground Colors**

Colors used when you Paint with the Left or Right Mouse Buttons. Only Colors available if you Edit Bitmaps. Click the Squared Arrows to Swap Buttons.

**Alternate Colors**

Use Left Button to Paint Foreground,  
Right Button to Paint Transparent.  
Not Visible if the Image is a Bitmap.

**Transparent Colors**

Use Left Button to Paint Transparent,  
Right Button to Paint "Screen Inverse".  
Not Visible if the Image is a Bitmap.



**Mix Buttons**

For 2- and 16-Colors Images, the Left Button will Paint a Solid Color, the Right one will "Mix" the two Foreground Colors. The Mix Function works differently for 256/True Colors Images: see [Mix Colors](#).

**Undo Button** [CTRL+Z]

Click to Undo the last Operation;

Enabled only if it can be done...

[Caption changes to **REDO** for most  
Undoes]

**Check Transparency Button**

Click to see which pixels will be **Transparent** in the Icon or Cursor. Disabled for Bitmaps.

**Cancel Button**

Click to Cancel Editing  
and Discard All Changes.

**Done Button**

Sends the Edited Image  
to BMPTOICO's main form.

**Pixel Information**

Position and "What Is" Information  
on the Pixel directly under the Mouse  
Pointer in the Editing Area.

**Image Information**

Dimensions, Color Depth, and  
Current Magnification Factor of  
the Image.

**Color Information**

RGB values and Color Swatch of Color under the Mouse Pointer (Editing Area, Paint Colors, or Palettes). Can be turned On/Off in the Options Menu.



## Menus

Image, Tools, Edit (Move Tool),  
Undoes, Options, Help (no topic)

**Save As... Button** [CTRL+S]

Enabled as soon as you change something. Click to [Save the Image](#).

**Pick Color Tool** [CTRL+I]

Pick a Foreground Color from the Image.

**Draw Tool** [CTRL+D]  
Paint Pixel by Pixel.

**Line Tool** [CTRL+L]  
Paint Lines.

**Fill Tool** [CTRL+F]  
Fills a closed area.

**Swap Tool** [CTRL+W]

Swap two Colors in the Image.

**Rectangle Tool**

Draw a Rectangle (or a Square).  
The Arrow Button will Fly-Down  
all three Styles.



**Circle Tool**

Draw a Circle (or an Oval).  
The Arrow Button will Fly-Down  
all three Styles.

**Text**

Quickly Add a Text to your  
Image with the Text Tool.

**Edited Color**

Color currently being Edited  
(Foreground, or in a Palette).  
Click it to Reset the New Color  
to it, and start over.

**Flash Button**

This Button is visible only if the Color being Edited was Found in the Image.  
Click to Show its Use in the Image again.

**Auto-Replace CheckBox**

Visible only if the Color being Edited was Found in the Image. Must be Checked for BMPTOICO to Automatically Replace the Color being Edited with the new one in the Image.

**Scrolls**

Use to Modify the Red / Green / Blue levels (or Hue / Saturation / Luminance values) in the Color. You can also enter Values in the Boxes at the Right of the Scrolls.

**RGB Tab**

Select if you want to modify the  
**Red / Green / Blue** levels in the Color.

### HSL Tab

Select if you wish to Modify the Color by changing its **Hue** (Shade or Tint), **Saturation** (Purity) or **Luminance** (Brightness) Components.



**New Color**

Current State of the Edited Color,  
updated when you use the Scrolls  
or Select a Color from a Palette at right.

### Hex CheckBox

Click the **Hex** Box to Display and  
Enter the RGB/HSL values in  
Hexadecimal instead of Decimal.

**Add to + Palette**

Check this Box if you want the New Color to be displayed in the + Palette under the Pool Palette (available only for True Color Images): it will remain there as long as the Image is in memory.

**Add to your List of Favorite Colors**

Check if you want to Add the New Color to your Favorites List (Available each time you use BMPTOICO).

**Pool Palette**

Select a New Color by Clicking anywhere.

**Win Standard Palette**

Click any Color to Select it. Quicker than using the Pool for those 16 Classics...

**Favorites Palette**

All Colors Currently in your Favorites List.  
Click any Color to Select it.

**Clean Favorites Button**

Click to open the Favorites Manager  
and Delete those Colors you don't need  
anymore (or make room for new ones).



**Palettes Button (Toggle)**

Click To Display the Palettes  
at the right, Click again to Hide  
them.

